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The only way to have a friend is to be one.

Domestic rule is founded upon truth and love. If it has not both of these it is nothing better than a despotism.

Measure Christianity by its teachings, and not the short sighted, selfish practices of a few unworthy followers.

Rash words are scarcely more dangerous, and are generally much less unwholesome, than capricious silence.

We appreciate no pleasure unless we are occasionally deprived of them. Restraint is the golden rule of enjoyment.

Young man learn to wait. If you undertake to set a hen before she is ready, you will have your labor for your pains.

He who boasts that his heart has remained whole, confesses that he has only a prosaic, out-of-the-way-corner heart.

He is happy whose circumstances suit his temper; but he is more excellent who can suit his temper to any circumstances.

There is nothing so easy as to be wise for others; a species of prodigality, by the way, for such wisdom is wholly wasted.

Look at the pages of your own heart and you will see a dim reflection of what the recording angel has written about you.

Beauties often die old maids. They set such a value on themselves that they don't find a purchaser till the market is closed.

Faults are pliable in infancy, changeable in childhood, more resolute in youth, firmly rooted in manhood, and inflexible in old age.

The worthiest people are most injured by slanderers; as we usually find that to be the best fruit which the birds have been picking at.

Kindness is stowed away in the heart like rose leaves in a drawer, to sweeten every object around them, and to bring hope to the weary-hearted.

Never permit the most resolute curiosity, or the most friendly concern, to find the lowest depth of character. Gain the reputation for reserve by reserving.

If you are a wise man, you will treat the world as the moon treats the world. Show it only one side of yourself, seldom too much at a time, and let what you show be calm, cool, and polished. But look at every side of the world.

FAR APART.

Beneath the quaint old bridge you hear
The waves make music as they pass;
And winding to the elm tree near,
You see the pathway through the grass
Where we were wont to walk, alas!

The river wanders as of old
Beneath the shades of willow trees,
The sunlit waters gleam like gold,
And ripple to the gentle breeze;
But I am far from thee and these.

The sky bends over broad and blue,
And, in the soft and mellow light,
You tread the lane our footsteps knew
In former days, when days were bright;
Do these days bring such sweet delight?

And still that lane with grass is green;
With fragrant flowers the banks are fair;
In golden gloss and silver sheen
The bees still haunt the balmy air;
But you will fail to find me there.

Again, perchance, I may not see
The rustling row of willow trees
(Which lent a leafy canopy
When we strolled underneath at ease);
For I am far from thee and these.

Our joys forsake us. Soon does Spring
Pass by and for the Summer call;
Soon do the birds lose heart to sing.
When fading leaves in Autumn fall;
And Winter is the end of all.

The Pupil's Love.

It was the final night of her engagement, which had been a signal triumph in the Italian city, and an ovation was tendered by the nobility to the gifted pupil of the celebrated Max Herne.

Whose mind was filled with the greatest sense of triumph to night, master's or pupil's?

Max Herne sat alone in his box, handsome, calm, collected, seemingly unimpressed by the excitement about him.

But noting his eyes they tell a tale.

Was it the performer or performance that filled his eyes with adoration? We shall see.

The beautiful child of music bowed her golden head and received the honors heaped upon her.

Her cheek was flushed with triumphant pleasure, but she did not look once towards the box where her master sat.

Herne was detained some minutes after the curtain went down by friends pressing around him with their congratulations, so his pupil was at home by the time he got round to the stage entrance.

In her private parlor the flush of triumph no longer glowed upon the cheek of the child of music. Surely she was not satisfied with to-night's triumph.

The expression betrayed her heart, her happiness was incomplete; her eyes said as plainly as words, heart hungry.

The door opened, and Maude Leblanc started from her position.

It was a young French girl, her maid, who entered, saying:

"Monsieur Herne is here. Shall I admit him?"

"Yes."

And the daughter of music's face took on a rosy hue again before Max Herne stepped into the room.

"How did you get away so quickly?" he cried, the moment he entered. "I thought your admirers would have detained you for some time."

"I did not give them a chance," she replied, averting her face from his gaze. "I was tired of it all, and wanted to get away. I wish it was over."

"You wish what was over?" he said, severely.

"My engagement throughout Italy. I long for the day to come when we shall sail for home."

"Then your art does not satisfy your soul's longings. You have opened your heart's door and let in other idols to share the place of one."

She did not answer him.

"Surely," he said after waiting some moments for her to speak, "you have no particular wish to return to the farmhouse where I found you. If my memory serves me aright, your life in your native land, what I saw of it, was anything but pleasant."

"His words stung her. This man standing before her like a merciless judge, knew as well as she did herself that she loved him.

She had betrayed her love to him a thousand times by words and deeds. Why should he speak to her thus unkindly?

"Yes, my past life was anything but pleasant," she cried in a tone that startled Max Herne, for he had not heard her use it for years. "But I am tired of this one all the same—tired of hearing the high-sounding name you have dubbed me."

"You are ungrateful," he said, coldly, interrupting her.

"No, no; do not think that," she cried. "To repay you for what you have done for me I would devote my life to you."

"Devote your life not to me but to your art. It is my idol, as I have told you. Make it yours, have no other if you would repay me."

Her fair face was instantly buried in her hands to hide its growing whiteness.

Her love was thrown back to her.

Long ago, the truth that her master was selfish to the heart's core, tried to force itself upon her, but she would not believe it.

If she had a spark of pride, she would never again let this man know how much she loved him; indeed he was already tumbling from the pedestal in her heart upon which she had reared him.

"You are tired: you are not yourself to-night," he said, more softly, smoothing her bowed head; "I think you ought to retire at once, you need rest; you know we start for Germany to-morrow. Has the senora everything in readiness?"

"We will be ready to start anytime to-morrow," she answered, as she raised her head.

"Then I will bid you good-night," he said.

"One question before you go," she said quickly. "It has been on my mind for some time."

"What is it?" he asked, in his old gentle tone, at the same time regarding her intently for her expression, he thinks, has certainly undergone a change.

"Supposing you discovered another child displaying the same talents that I did, would you take her and do for her as you have done for me?"

His answer came without a moment's hesitation.

"Would I?" he cried, his eyes aglow. "Ah, if some fairy could inform me where a dozen such children were, I should only be too ready to take them all. Why, my child, one such performance of my pupil as yours last night, would repay me for my trouble."

As Max Herne finished speaking, the last slender column that propped her idol on its throne snapped, and it toppled to the ground.

Max Herne was gone in another minute, and she alone in her misery, knew that the idol she worshipped was made of selfish clay and was broken forever.

If one night of triumph repays my master surely he is repaid now, is what Maud Leblanc thinks, as success meets them in the German cities.

She is out for her morning walk in the pretty town in which they have stopped to rest for a day.

Only one week more, she thinks, and then for home.

I wonder——

Her thoughts are broken by a voice at her side.

Is she dreaming?

"Maude, Maude; is it little Maude?"

She turns.

She is not dreaming

The owner of the boyish voice of long ago, the one bright gleam of her past life, the only link that connected her native land, is standing, a tall, handsome man beside her.

"Hunt Ellis!" she cried, joyfully.

"Is it little Maude, then," he said taking the hand she offered. "I beg pardon," he continued, "I suppose I ought to call you Mademoiselle——"

"No, no," she cried; "call me Maude, don't call me that hateful assumed name."

"Ah, I am glad it is only assumed,', he said archly. "I was sure it was you I saw at Berlin, and I followed you here. Very impudent of me, was it not?" he asked in the hearty voice she so well remembered.

"Very," she answered, catching some of his spirit, and strange to say, she felt her heart growing light; but I suppose, now that you are here, you may talk with me, and we will talk——"

"Over old times," he concluded; "I have no earthly business here but to see you. Now shall I go or stay?"

"We go ourselves to-morrow," she answered.

"Where?"

"To Paris. One performance there and then for home."

"Then I am for Paris to morrow also, that is if you do not object, for you know we cannot say all we two have to say about old times between now and to-morrow," he answered laughing.

At Paris Maude Leblanc gained her crowning triumph.

"My child, you surpassed everything I ever dreamed of for you to-night," cried Max Herne, when the performance was over.

"That was because I am so happy," she says, and her beaming face strengthened her words. "I could not but succeed to-night, for my heart is overflowing with love. My master, you must make no engagements for me."

"I do not understand you," he cried, in a tremor,

"I will explain in a few words. Because I have made a life long engagement for myself."

"You have made an engagement for yourself?"

"Yes, I am going to marry Hunt Ellis. That is the cause of my overwhelming success to-night."

If Maude Leblanc had planned her master's punishment, she could not have brought it about more effectually.

Now, when his protestations are in vain when he knows she is lost to him for ever, the truth bursts upon him.

He loves her; she is the idol that has been enthroned in his heart, and blind man, he could not see it until too late.

Handy to Know.

Fire insurance policies do not include in their indemnity among other things the following: Fences and other yard fixtures; also store furniture and fixtures and plate-glass doors and windows, when the plates are of dimension of three feet or more. It is important that this fact be mentioned in the wording of the policy, if such articles are to be included under the policy. Careless, ignorant or unsophisticated brokers and agents very frequently make mistakes in this respect. The following articles also are not included in the security of a fire insurance policy, unless mentioned, viz.: Jewerly, plate, watches, musical Instruments, ornaments, medals, curiosities, patterns, printed music, printed books, engravings, paintings, picture frames, sculptures, cast and models, money or bullion, bills, notes, accounts, deeds, evidence of debt, or securities. These should always be specfied. If a building falls, no insurance will attach, or cover its loss, unless it is caused by fire. Stolen property is not to be paid by the insurance company. Losses from explosions are not to be paid, unless fire ensues, and then only the actual fire loss is to be settled for. Property standing on leased ground must be so represented to the company and expressed in the policy. Goods on storage must be represented as such. The assured, in case of a fire, must invariably do his best to save it, and carelessness in this respect will vitiate his claim. In no instance shall he abandon his premises to firemen or thieves. Where a party has a trust-worthy and intelligent representative, agents or brokers, whose business it is to study these points and consult his own and the assured's interests, by so doing it is sometimes safer than to risk it by attending to the insurance himself.

Military Skaters.

The corps of skaters, a force peculiar to the Norwegian army, has been lately reorganized, and consists now of five companies, each of 110, men which in time of war can be reinforced by calling in 270 skaters belonging to the landwehr. The men of this corps are armed with rifles, and can be manœuvered upon ice or over the snow-field of the mountains with a rapidity equal to that of the best trained cavarly. The skates they use are admirably adapted for travelling over rough and broken ice or frozen snow, being six inches broad and between nine and ten inches long. In ascending steep slopes the men take a zig-zag course; tacking up the mountain side as a ship does against a head wind. As an instance of the speed at which they can go, it is mentioned that last Winter a messenger despatched from Roerass at 3 o'clock in the morning arrived at Drontheim at 9.30 in the evening of the same day, having consequently accomplished 120 miles in 18½ hours.

Raising the Pile.

He had wandered from the beanery on matinee day, and was "just lookin' around to see what he could see." He was worrying a toothpick, and, seeing a sign in a window, he drew near to it and read:

"Cloaks cleaned and the pile raised."

He said: "Humph"—you never can get that word in print as a man gets it out of his throat. He hid one of his hands in the lower end of his pocket and raked up a nickel. He went inside, and a man with a flat-iron came up to the counter and said: "What is it?"

"You clean cloaks here?"

The man spat on the flat-iron and said they did, when the opportunity presented itself.

"And you raise the pile?"

"Beautifully," said the man who showed every tooth in his head.

"Kin you raise the pile 'thout cleanin' the cloak?"

"Oh, yes, we can do that; you know we can do anything."

"Kin ye?"

"Well, I should say so."

"Wall," said the stranger in jeans, "look here; here's a nickel; nothin' crooked about it, nuther."

"Yes, I see," said the boss."

"Wall, I'll leave it here."

"You'll leave it here, for what?" asked the sweet-faced man on the other side of the counter.

"That's my pile," said the stranger.

"Your pile?"

"Yes, my pile; don't ye know yer business?"

"You ain't dealin' with no sucker now," said the stranger.

"I am not, I do not, really I do not comprehend you."

"Really, no."

"That's my pile," pointing to the nickel.

"I see the nickel."

"Wall, if you see it why don't you raise it?"

"Raise it?"

"Yes; raise the pile."

"I don't understand."

The stranger went up to the show window, took out the card, and laid it on the table. Directing special attention to it, he said:

"Cloaks cleaned; is that right?"

"Yes, certainly; but——"

"Hold on—and the pile raised—is that right?"

"Yes, certainly."

"Thar's a nickel, ain't it."

"Yes, I never doubted it."

"Thar's all I've got; it's my pile."

"Your pile?"

"Yes; I want it raised."

"I don't see it."

"Course not; this is another one of them durned new fangled city tricks you've got up to beat people from the country. If I was to ask you to copper that, I reckon you'd know what I meant."

He walked away in a lamentable manner and stopped on the corner; he said to himself:

"I reckon the printer got it wrong on the keerd, and the man can't read."

Beer and Talk.

The day was hot at Frisco, Utah, and the three drank beer and talked. It appeared from their conversation that they had all had more or less experience in prospecting. One said:

The biggest thing I ever struck was once when me an' Newt Bowden was prospectin'. One day we felt the earth kinder tremblin', an' saw a smoke on the top of a mountain. We climbed up to the top—'twas a long pull. When we got there we foun' it was a volcano. 'Twas all bilin' in the crater. One place in the crater was lower than t'other parts, an' a cliff struck right down from this low place; it went down 'bout seven hundred feet. The earth kep' tremblin'. An' a stream 'bout twenty feet wide by five feet deep run outen the crater or gap, an' made a clear jump seven hundred feet down."

"Water?" interrupted one of the listeners; "pooty hot, wasn't it?"

"Water! 'twas quicksilver."

"Quicksilver!"

"You bet. We went down to the foot of the fall. The stream of quicksilver from the fall run a few hundred yards an' sunk. It kep' tremblin'?"

"What made the tremblin'?"

"The quicksilver strikin' below; heavy you know. Me an' Newt both got sick; he sicker than me. He kep' gittin' worse, an' died before I could get him to a camp. got to a camp and was sick for months; was salervated. My teeth all came out. I hain't no teeth now; nor toe-nails, nuther."

"Why didn't you go back to the quicksilver?"

"'Fraid er gittin' salervated agin. Killed Newt, you know."

Number two said: "Well, the richest discovery I ever made was one time when I was by myself. I saw a bluff 'bout three miles off; it had a queer look. I went to it; 'twas more than a thousand feet high, an' nearly ever bit of it was solid native silver. You could walk 'long an' look at it for a mile 'thout seein' anything but silver. Some places silver had oozed out while the cliff was hot, an' made things like big icicles; some of them was hangin' down 500 feet long. I located 'bout three miles of the lodge, an' left."

"How come you so poor?" asked one.

"Well, I'd got back in a day's ride to camp, an' was packin' up one mornin' after breakfast; as I come to the fryin' pan my mule had one hin' root in it, an' I tapped him on the leg to make him step outen it, an' he up an' kicked me on the head."

"But he didn't break your head."

"No; but I can't remember directions since."

The third one began: "I was by myself, too, when I struck it big. One day I was prospectin' through an open country, an' traveled on until after night, tryin' to find water. At last I rode over a ridge, an' noticed that my mules shoes kep' clinkin' against somethin'. I had a fine young mule. There was a valley at the bottom of the ridge, an' water. I went to sleep, an' waked up when day begin to break, but rolled over an' slep' again. Nex' time I waked, the sun was up, but I couldn't hold my eyes open until I'd tried a long time, there was such a glitter!"

"Mica," one of the party suggested.

"Gold, sir! Gold, everywhere! I'd thrown part of my blanket over a chunk to make a pillar; the chunk was gold, solid gold! The ridge I'd come over was gold, solid gold. On tother side of the valley were mountains of gold, risin' up an' glitterin' in the sunshine. One high mountain had snow on the top, but was gold up to the snow. Fellers, that mountain looked like a picter! I'd jes begun to think my bacon eatin' days was over, when three men came up to me, two young men, an' one ole man. Judgin' from their actions—I couldn't understan' their talk—the young fellers wanted to kill me, but the ole chap persuaded 'em not ter. They all had gold buttons on their clothes, an' heel-taps, an' tap-soles of gold. The ole man was smokin' a gold pipe, with a long gold stem. They blin'-folded me, an' led me away." The narrator stopped, and seemed to be retrospecting.

"Well, did they lead you far?" he was asked.

"Seems to me I listened to the clink of them tap-soles an' heels for ten thousan' miles."

"Was they long about it?"

"When I laid down in that gold valley that night, though I say it myself, I was young an' good-lookin'; my beard was black as a crow; an' hair thick as a dogs, but when they lef' me, an' got out of hearin' and I uncovered my eyes, my beard was gray."

"An' your head?"

"Like it is now, not a hair on it."

"What became of your fine young mules?"

"The ole man rode it on the trip till it fell dead of ole age."

Churches In Jerusalem.

A notable structure in Jerusalem is the Church of the Holy Sepulcre, the most cosmopitan church in the world. This remarkable building covers a curious aggregate of traditionary and legendary sacred sites, including several connected with Jewish histocy. But it is the Christian associations which are most worthy of our attention, as will soon appear. Its real history begins with Helena, the mother of Constantine the Great, because it was her zeal which led to the supposed identification of the place where Christ was crucified and buried. Over the spot thus identified a splendid church was built and dedicated in A. D. 335. Its subsequent fortunes correspond very much with those of the city; but it was specially attractive as a resort of pilgrims, who, for fifteen centuries, with little intermission, have continued to visit it. The days of its chief splendor were those of the Crusaders, two of whose kings, Godfrey and Baldwin, were buried there, and their tombs remain to this day. The original Church of Constantine and Helena was destroyed by the Persians, restored by the Christians, destroyed again by the Khalif Hakem, rebuilt again by the Christians, enlarged and beautified by the Crusaders. This last was nearly consumed by fire, in 1808, but was at once restored on the old model, and has since then undergone extensive alteration and repair. It is about three hundred feet in length, but of very unequal width, and internally it shows very different levels. Thus the Chapel of the Finding of the Cross is fifty feet lower than the so-called Rock of Calvary. The way to it is through narrow streets, but there is an open court in front of it, where the dealers in rosaries, trinkets and all sorts of mementoes, carry on their trade. A Turkish officiat at the doors indicate Turkish supremacy, but a small fee secures admission. The interior is divided into many compartments, some of which contain what is to be venerated or are themselves accounted holy. A marble slab in the vestibule is pointed out as that on which the body of our Saviour was laid. Passing this, which the pilgrims eagerly kiss, we come under the chief dome to a fine rotunda, in the centre of which stands a miniature church, containing what is said to be the very sepulchre of Christ. Round about are several chapels belonging to various sects. An arch to the east forms the entrance to the Greek Church, the interior of which is profusely adorned. Here they show the spot from which the earth was taken out of which Adam was made. The Chapel of Calvary, where the crucifixion is said to have taken place, is 285 feet from the sepulchre. The sepulchre itself is "a quadrangular vault, about six feet feet by seven, with a dome roof supported on short marble pillars. The sepulchral couch occupies the whole of the right side as we enter, it is raised nearly three feet above the floor and is covered with a slab of white marble cracked through the centre, and much worn at the edge by the lips of numerous pilgrims." This slab serves as an altar, is much decorated and has over it forty-two lamps of gold and silver. Of the multitudes who visit this spot, the majority may be presumed to believe in its authenticity, doubt being confined to the critical and inquisitive. The same observation applies to the other members of this wonderful group of candidates for our faith and veneration, for they show here not only the sites of the crucifixion and the resurrection and other already mentioned, but the tombs of Adam and Melchizedek, of Joseph of Arimathea and Nicodemus, the places where Christ was scouraged and crowned with thorns, where He appeared to Mary Magdalene and His mother, the centre of the globe and others too numerous to mention. A minute description of all that invites respect under the roof of this one edifice would fiill a volume and a bare catalogue would be tedious and useless.

A Shell in the Ear.

Mrs. Jennie Lewis, a well-known resident of Nevada, has just returned from a trip to Europe. During her absence she removed from her ear a shell which had been lodged there for over thirty years. Mrs. Lewis says that when a child she was holding a small shell to her ear, and trying to hear it "roar." While so doing, the shell, which is hardly a quarter of an inch in diameter, slipped into the passage of the ear. Efforts to dislodge it were unsuccessful, and only drove it further in. It remained there for ten years, causing occasional pains, when a surgical operation for its removal was attempted. The operation was performed in Illinois, where Mrs. Lewis' parents were then living. It was extremely painful and induced excessive bleeding, but was unsuccessful. For twenty years more the shell remained in the ear, completely obstructing the passage. This summer, while on her homeward voyage across the Atlantic, Mrs. Lewis was one day seated on deck, engaged in picking with a pin the ear which harbored the shell. To her great joy and surprise she found that the shell which had so long been firmly fixed was loosened, and that it moved under the pressure of the pin. She worked away at it in great excitement for a few minutes, and at last the long imprisoned shell was extracted. A surgeon on board the steamer was greatly interested in the case, and declared he had never in his life heard of such an experience. Mrs. Lewis still keeps the shell, and shows it to her acquaintances when telling its story.

One of Those Pups.

He was a shrewd, white-headed old gentleman tourist who sat sipping his lemonade in the Baldwin barroom, San Francisco, recently, and who remarked, as a self-important looking individual came in and haughtily ordered a whisky straight.

"Now, I s'pose that gentleman is one of your bonanza fellows, and owns about two-thirds of the real estate 'round here?"

"No," we replied, "he's one of the successful candidates of the late election."

"I might have known it!" exclaimed the old gentleman, emphatically. "He acts just as I did when I was elected to Congress."

"How was that?"

"Well, you see I was elected M. C. from the Fourth District just after the war. We had a pretty lively campaign of it, and as I never had been in politics before, I somehow got the idea that the whole country had quit work and was watching my contest with quivering anxiety. Every time the other side accused me of being a chicken thief, or a bigamist, or something, and I'd get back at them with a card in the Redville *Warhoop*, headed *"Another lie Nailed!"* I'd send a marked copy to every leading paper in the country."

"Did, eh?"

"Yes, and I was disgusted to find they never paid the slightest attention to me, either. What surprised me most was that, although I kept the President and Cabinet advised of everything that occurred I never got the slightest sympathy from any of them. I was an administration man, too, and I thought it was blamed singular."

"Didn't notice you at all?"

"Not at all, sir; and when I was elected and the boys lighted a bonfire in the main street, and serenaded me, and I spoke six hours in the open air as to my future course on the tariff and finances, the New York papers merely said that 'a Mr. Gunn had been elected by a small majority,' my name being Gonley, as you know."

"That was hard."

"Well, I put that all down to envy and malice, and I started for Washington. I expected that at least the Speaker of the House and a committee appointed by the Senate would be down at the depot to welcome me to the capital."

"They did so?"

"The only persons that met me were a committee of hackmen, who tore my overcoat half off, rammed me into a hack, and robbed me, with the aid and assistance of the hotel clerk, who then gave me a room on the top floor, and asked the first week's board in advance; said it was the rules of the house with Arkansas members."

"The impudent rascal."

"That's what I thought. Well, the next morning I got away from the bed-bugs as well as I conld, and went up to the White House to see if the President would like to stroll down to the House to introduce me and see me sworn in. I sent up my card, and in an hour or two some secretary or other sent back word that the President was at breakfast and couldn't be bothered."

"That was pretty short, wasn't it?"

"Well, I was just dumbfounded. However, I went down to the Capitol, and told the Sergeant-at-Arms to go in and announce to the members that I had arrived. He grinned, and said, 'That's devilish good, that is; and rushed off. I expected that, of course, the members would come crowding up to congratulate me, and say something like 'Magnificent speech of yours, that last one, Gonley. Beat 'em by 48 votes, too, old fellow.' And then mebbe they'd give me three cheers, and all that sort of thing."

"And did they?"

"No, sir; I hope I may never stir if they didn't give me a back seat in the cloak room until my name was called, and a doorkeeper fired me out into the corridor twice under the impression that I was a lobbyist. Well, after I had been put on the joint committee on spittoons and window washing, and spent a couple of months trying to wedge in my great four hour speech on the match tax, something occurred that let down my check rein, and took all the frills out of me for good."

"What was that?"

"Well, I was taking a drive out to the Soldier's Home one afternoon with three other members, when a light buggy went by like a streak of greased lightning, the trotter driven by a solemn looking man in a rusty plug hat, who was smoking a cigar, and steadying a small terrier on the seat with his elbow. 'That's Butcher Boy,' said one of my companions, with great interest; 'trots in 20. He's a rattling good stepper, bet your life.'

"'Did you notice that dog,' said another. 'Best bred put in town—tail no bigger than a rat's—infernal fine dog that.'

"As I had nothing else to say I casually inquired who the driver was.

"'Why, that's the President,' said one of them with a yawn. 'By Jove, how'd you like to have one of those pups!'

"That settled it. I've been as meek and sad as a carhorse pulling a picnic ever since.

Birds in Winter.

A lady in a neighboring town, who is fond of birds as pets, and who keeps several feathered songsters, resorts to an original method of supplying them in winter with their proper food. In the summer she goes out and collects spiders, crickets, grasshoppers and other small deer, which she dooms to execution and then dries them, and lays them away in paper bags. At this inclement season she gives her birds (she has a number of different kinds) a daily treat to this insect food, first causing it to swell up to its former shape and proportion by putting it in hot water! It is a fact well known to successful keepers of mocking-birds, that they not only thrive on spiders especially, but that if a bird seems to be "dumpish" and feeling badly, a day's diet of spiders will generally make him as tuneful as a May morning. Hence, this lady's unique method may be a hint worth heeding to persons who keep these and other insect-eating birds.

Lime-kiln Club Meteorology.

The Committee on Atmospheric Influences announced that they were ready with a report regarding the coming winter. The Committee had been entirely guided by signs, and their reasons for predicting a hard winter were;

1. The thickness of the corn husks.
2. The unusual number of overcoats in pawn.
3. The anxiety of women to get winter bonnets.
4. The way the frogs have gone down for deep water.

Look Out for Splinters.

A Detroit boot-black, who had strayed out to Pontiac, was on his return, having a seat in the car with a benevolent old man. Of course Shiner put up the window as soon as he sat down. The wind blew in at the rate of forty miles an hour, and the old man presently said:

"Why do you keep the window up?"

"Don't I want some way to jump out if the cars fall into the river," replied the boy. Then he stuck his head and shoulders out, and the old man asked:

"Boy, why do you lean out of the window so far?"

"Don't I want to see if there are any cattle on the track!"

"Let me tell you a story," continued the man, as he hauled the boy in. "There was once a boy thirteen years old named Henry."

"Didn't they call him Hank?" inquired the boy.

"There was once a boy named Henry. One day he took a journey by rail to a city about twenty miles from his home."

"Didn't beat the conductor out of his fare, did he?"

"This boy had been warned," continued the old man, "not to throw up the window. An open window is dangerous on account of the draughts, and many a person has been blinded by the flying sparks and cinders."

"But he shoved up the winder, didn't he?"

"Yes. He thought he knew more than any one else, and up it went. Not satisfied with that he put his head and shoulders out."

"Bound to see the country, wasn't he?"

"The train sped onward," sighed the old man, "and by and by it came along to a signal post. The boy was still leaning out, and all of a sud——"

"Hold on, old man," interrupted Shiner, as he wheeled around, "I know what you are going to say! You are going to say that the boy struck the post with his chin and knocked about three feet of the top off and tore up half a mile of track and was put in State Prison for life, but I want you to understand that I'm no sun-fish! I'm going to look out of this window all I want to, and if this railroad company don't haul in its posts they must look out for splinters!"

A Performing Samson.

If report speaks truly, all the astounding feats performed by the strong men of antiquity, including Hercules, Samson and Milo of Crotona, have been capped by the recent performances of a French athlete, Joignery by name, who is at present fulfilling to crowded houses an engagement in the Berlin Vaudeville Theatre. Tossing about huge cannon balls with sportive grace, this person appears nightly on a raised platform in the body of the theatre, above which platform is suspended an ordinary trapeze. His ankles are then fastened to the trapeze, so that he swings head downward a few feet above the surface of the central stage, and in full view of everyone in the house. A horse, covered with gay trappings and begirt with a strong leathern [illegible] to which two strong loops are attached, is then conveyed to the stage, and there mounted by a full grown man. When all these preliminaries have been effected, Joignerey seizes the loops in both hand, and by sheer muscular strength, lifts the "Horse and his Rider" some inches off the stage, sustaining their combined weight in the air for several seconds, and letting them down again as slowly and evenly as he had raised them. Upon the occasion of his first performance, the horse selected for experiment was so panic stricken that, when it was lowered to the level of the platform, its knees gave way under it, and the attendants had a great deal of trouble to make it stand up again. All Berlin is flocking to see M. Joignerey's entertainment, which would appear to be the chief attraction of the German capital just now, for, while the managers of the leading theatres are complaining of empty houses, the Vaudeville is compelled, night after night, to turn hundreds of curious Berliners away from its doors.

A French Detective Trick.

A few days since, a young man dressed in the height of fashion came, with all the other travelers, out of the train which had just reached Paris from Brussels. He had scarcely quitted the car when he was accosted courteously: "Do you wish a porter sir?" the very thing I was looking for. Will you take this valise and show me the way to Hotel de la Roumania, Boulevard St. Michel. As this is my first visit to Paris, I prefer going there on foot." "At your service, sir," On they truged. When they had crossed Pont St. Michel, the porter, instead of following Boulevard du Palais, turned to the left, went down Quai de l' Horologe and entered the Prefecture of Police. He said to the owner of the valise: "I am going to introduce you to the master of the house," as he ushered him into the office of the head detective. The latter no sooner laid eyes on the stranger than he said: "Why, good day, Mons. Vanwater. You have just come from Antwerp, where you have stolen a large sum of money. You have already spent five years in jail for a similar crime. What on earth possessed you to wan't to put up at the Hotel de la Roumania, where lodgings are dear, when you knew I had a chamber at your disposal for which I would not charge one cent?" The thief was put in a cell until the legal papers to warrant his extradition reached Paris.

Etching on Glass.

Glass is etched by hyprofluoric acid gas or liquid hydrofluoric acid—solution of the gas in water. The former in contact with glass produces a rough surface, as in ground glass, while the latter ordinarily leaves the surface clear. The gas is prepared by mixing together finely-powders, fluorspar—calcium fluoride, three parts, and two parts of strong sulphuric acid, in a shallow leaden dish, and applying a very gentle heat. The plates to be etched much may be placed over the dish. The operation should be conducted under a hood or in the open air, to avoid inhaling the pernicious fumes. The plates are prepared by coating them while warm with wax or paraffin, through which to the surface of the glass design is cut with suitable gravers. In preparing the liquid acid the mixture of spar and oil of vitriol is placed in a leaden or platinum resort, which is heated, and the gas taken off is conducted into a leaden bottom partly filled with water, which absorbs it. In contact with the flesh the acid produces stubborn sores. The metals are usually etched with dilute nitric acid, or nither and sulphuric acid, or sulphate of copper and salt, or hydrochloric acid and chlorate of potash. Hydrofluoric acid is not used on metals.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1880

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL

Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at

$1 00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE

Or $1 25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
1 square,...	$1 00	$2 50	$3 00	$4 00	$7 00
¼ column,..	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column,..	5 00	7 50	10 00	15 00	35 00
1 column,..	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Job Work done on short notice.

WALTER & DEININGER, Publishers.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Rev. C. F. Deininger, Preacher-in-charge.—Protracted meeting in progress which will likely continue over Sunday.

Sunday School, 2 P. M.—D. L. Zerby, supt.

Methodist.

Rev. W. R. Whitney, Preacher-in-charge.—

Sunday School, 1 P. M.,—D. Kimport, supt.

Reformed.

The charge is at present without a pastor.

United Brethren.

Rev. John Landis, Preacher-in-charge.—Rev. John Landis will preach his farewell sermon next Sunday morning.

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—German preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning.

United Sunday School, 9 A. M.—B. O. Deininger, supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 955, I. O. O. F. meets in their hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening R. B. HARTMAN, Sec. R. B. BUETTLER, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 6½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.

D. L. ZERBY, Sec. A. O. Deininger, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.

A. WALTER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.

F. P. OTTO, Sec., J. F. HARTER, Pres't.

Millheim Escort of Co. B., 5th Regt., N. G., hold their drill meeting on the second story of Alexander's Block, every Tuesday and Friday evening.

Centre County Democratic Committee for 1880.

DISTRICTS.	NAMES.	P. O. ADDRESS.
Bellefonte, N. W.,	Wm. Galbraith,	Bellefonte
" S. W.,	W C Heinle,	"
" W W.,	Wm Harper,	"
Milesburg,	Frank E Bible,	Milesburg
Unionville,	P J McDonnell,	Unionville
Howard,	A J Gardner,	Howard
Philipsburg,	C G Herlinger,	Philipsb'g
Millheim,	I H Beifsnyder,	Millheim
Benner,	Uriah Stover,	Bellefonte
Boggs,	Jas A McClain,	Milesburg
Burnside,	Wm Hepple,	Pine Glenn
College,	Sam'l Gilliland,	Boalsburg
Curtin,	David Delong,	Howard
Ferguson, O. P.,	Dan Driebelbis,	State Col
" N. P.,	O M Sheets,	Stormston
Gregg,	L M Rishel,	Spring M's
Haines,	George Keister,	Aaronsb'g
Halfmoon,	John Ward,	Stormsto'n
Harris,	Sam'l Ishler,	Boalsburg
Howard,	David Tanyer,	Howard
Huston,	H G Chronister,	Martha
Marion,	John Hoy, Jr.,	Walker
Miles,	Sam'l K Faust,	Millheim
Patton,	G W Rumberger,	Fillmore
Penn,	W F Smith,	Millheim
Potter, N. P.,	D F Luse,	Centre Hall
" S. P.,	G W Spangler,	Tusseyv'e
Rush,	William Cullen,	Philipsb'g
Snow Shoe,	John G Uzzle,	Snow Shoe
Spring,	E C Wood,	Bellefonte
Taylor,	Samuel Hoover,	Fowler
Union,	J S Fredericks,	Fleming
Walker,	Samuel Decker,	Zion
Worth,	G R Williams,	P't Matilda

J. L. SPANGLER, Chairman.

FRANK E. BIBLE, Secretary.

Directory and Mandatory.

When Gov. Garcelon submitted his points of law to the supreme judges of Maine for their opinion, they made a very nice distinction by means of two words. When any point was clearly against the Republicans, then the judges decided that part of the constitution applicable to the case as only *directory*; but when the point was clearly against the Fusionists, then they decided it as *mandatory*. Thus, between "directory" and "mandatory", they proposed to decide their own party into power and the Fusionists out of power. These judges would make a splendid Returning Board, and we are sure Mr. Blaine could desire none to suit him better. The Fusionists could not be fooled however by these "directory" and "mandatory" decisions.—*Sclinsgrove Times.*

Yes, yes, Frank, but don't you think the Maine supreme court should have had the assistance of "*aliunde Joe?*" "Directory" and "Mandatory" will hardly make a good Republican decision by themselves, and it certainly ought to have a little of Joe's *aliunde* mixed with it, merely to keep it from *spiling* until it is wanted again.

The Curtin-Yocum Contest.

The Election Committee Decide to Refer the Matter Back to the People.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The house committee on elections have decided to report in favor of submitting the Curtin-Yocum case to a new vote of the people of the district at the election in February. In the conflict of views the committee could arrive at no other practical conclusion. There is no doubt that the report will be adopted by the house, as a number of the republican delegation from Pennsylvania, Judge Kelley, Harmer, Harry White, Ward, O'Neill and Fisher, will vote in favor of this mode of settling the contest. It is probable that the report of the committee will be made early next week. A new election can be held in February without any expense to the people. The old democratic conference will meet again and nominate Gov. Curtin with unanimity. Whether this will be the course of the republicans of the district in regard to Yocum is open to some doubt, since his record in the present congress has been by no means satisfactory to a large portion of them.

THE Greenbackers expect to hold their national convention in Chicago on the 9th of June. Guess the sun will rise and set after that date just as it does now.

How They Stand.

The Philadelphia *Times*, with characteristic enterprise, has undertaken the job to ascertain the status of the press of Pennsylvania on the Presidential question. Circular letters were sent to all the papers in the state outside of Philadelphia, requesting answers as to their respective preferances for President. Much over half of the papers have already responded. The answers of the Radical papers establish the fact beyond controversy that a large majority of that party, even, are squarely opposed to Grant, who is the embodiment of the third term idea. This is certainly a gratifying fact, for there is no doubt that a large majority of the citizens of the United States, irrespective of party, view with alarm the strong efforts that are being made to place a man of such decidedly *imperial* cast of mind as is Gen. Grant, into the Presidential chair for a third term, against a usage that has prevailed from the birth of the nation, and thus acquired the sacredness if not the force of constitutional law.

That Blaine is the choice of the Republicans of Pennsylvania, even to a greater extent than the figures below would indicate, admits of no doubt whatever. But he will not get her delegation simply because Don Cameron is opposed to Blaine, and Don's will is law for the Pennsylvania Republicans.

The following shows how the Republican papers divide themselves among the candidates named, the "Best Man, &c.

For Blaine	26
For Grant	22
For Sherman	3
For the Field	5
For the Nominee	4
For the Best Man	3
Total	66

LATER.

For Blaine	12
For Grant	2
For Any Good Republican	2
For the Nominee	6
No Choice	3
Total	25

Of Democratic papers sixty-eight have reported, showing that the largest number—not a majority—favor the *reelection* of Uncle Sammy Tilden, while Bayard and Hancock have each a good following. They stand thus:

For Thomas F. Bayard	13
For Samuel J. Tilden	15
For Winfield S. Hancock	11
For Horatio Seymour	9
For the Field	4
For the Nominee	5
For Anybody	11
Total	68

The so-called independent or neutral papers—whose independence or neutrality is generally the merest sham, report

For James G. Blaine	24
Anti-third term and anybody to beat Grant	10
For U. S. Grant	8
For W. S. Hancock	8
For T. F. Bayard	7
For S. J. Tilden	6
For John Sherman	5
Scattering	16
No choice	32
Total	116

The Credit Mobilier Senator.

The election of De Golyer Garfield as the successor of Mr. Thurman in the Senate, forces into bold relief a most significant coincidence.

Garfield was one of the bribed members of the House, caught with Credit Mobilier scrip in his pocket, issued by the Pacific railroad ring. To Mr. Thurman, on the other hand, belongs the special credit of having carried through the only law by which these rich and overgrown corporations are called to account.

These corporations furnished the money in Ohio to beat Thurman and the returns from twenty counties, hitherto regarded by both parties as close, proved conclusively that they followed Oakes Ame's advice in putting the cash where it would do most good, and that their efforts were directed, first of all, to the Legislature. It the other counties of the State had done nearly as well for them as this disputed ground, Foster's majority over Ewing would have run up to seventy five thousand.

These great monopolies and rings have now secured an open advocate on the floor of the Senate, whose voice they can always command.—*New York Sun.*

THE difficulty down in Maine may now safely be considered as "settled". A Republican Supreme Court has resolved itself into a returning board and decided who was and who was not elected to the legislature, and of course they found that a majority of their party friends were elected.

The court also decided the Republican rump legislature into a legal body, which at once proceeded to elect a Governor, the choice resulting in the person of Daniel F. Davis, rep.

It is thought that the Fusionists will quietly submit and dissolve, and thus the Republicans of Maine will have a victory which the voters have refused them.

A BILL to enable the Republicans to steal two-thirds of the electoral vote of New York has been presented in the legislature of that state. It provides that two electors shall be chosen by the people of the state at large and the remainder by congressional districts. It is now in order for the Republicans of Massachusetts, Connecticut, Ohio, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, Kansas and Nebraska to urge the passage of a similar bill by their respective legislatures. What is fair in New York ought to be fair in other states.—*Patriot.*

Gen. Garfield Elected U. S. Senator.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 13.—Gen. Garfield was to-day formally elected United States Senator to succeed Thurman. Thurman was supported by the democrats but was defeated by a vote 65 to 44 in the assembly and 20 to 13 in the senate.

Our Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17th, 1880.

Except that an effort has been made in both Houses to force discussion on currency subjects the proceedings of Congress for the past week have been devoid of interest. In the Senate the financial talk was confined chiefly to the Finance Committee, which reported adversely on Senator Bayard's resolution concerning greenbacks. In the House Representative Price of Iowa made a long speech on the currency question. But the disposition to let well enough alone gains strength. It is hoped the House will close debate on its amended rules by Wednesday of next week. The rules will be adopted probably by an overwhelming vote.

I have on several occasions stated, exactly as the truth was, that General Walker, Superintendent of the Census, would select his supervisors without regard to politics, that, in fact, other things considered, a Democrat would have the same chance of selection by him as a Republican. But those higher in authority, those who stentatiously parade a love for civil service reform, but who trample on reform whenever they see fit, seem to have overruled the Superintendent. There is a sort of grade of power in this matter, which the Senate may well consider. The proper person to make the selection was the Superintendent, for he is qualified and has made a study of the matter; above him are the Secretary of the Interior and Mr. Hayes, who overrule the Superintendent; above the Secretary and Mr. Hayes is the Senate. It has the absolute power to correct errors of the administration in the matter, and therefore, is responsible if an improper selection is made. The Senate will fail in its duty if it confirms a list of partisan Supervisors of the Census, the more especially as the law did not contemplate such a thing.

It is a very petty quarrel as it stands, between Indian Commissioner Hoyt, and General Fish of the Indian Board. They have not yet told all they know of each other, evidently, but, through newspapers and by means of investigations they seem likely to do so. Lest they should fail, it is said that Congress will investigate Hoyt. The House has already commenced to inquire into the late Ute outbreak, and will attempt to learn all about its origin and causes, and the proceedings of Indian Commissioner and Indian Board in the matter, and, incidentally, they must become acquainted with what the Secretary of the Interior has done, is doing, and proposes to do. At present he is attempting to convince the chiefs now here that the murderers of Meeker ought to give themselves up. If Congress does half its duty at this session it will put it beyond the power of Mr. Schurz to manage another affair of this kind.

CARROLL.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—The following accounts have been examined and passed by me and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and all others in any way interested and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Centre county, on Wednesday, the 28th day of January, A. D., 1880, for confirmation and allowance:

1. The first account of Adam Decker and Samuel Stem, executors of &c. of Adam Decker late of Walker township deceased.
2. The account of Peter Schultz, guardian of George, Lizzie and Samuel T. Coble, minor children of John Coble, deceased.
3. The partial account of Emanuel Shuey, administrator of &c., of Joseph Shuey, late of College township, deceased.
4. The second and final account of Martin Brungart, administrator of &c. of David Gingerich, late of Walker township, deceased.
5. First and final account of D. Z. Kline, trustee appointed to make sale of real estate of Sarah Ammermad, late of Spring township, deceased.
6. First and partial account of Samuel Evert and George Bower, executors of &c. of Jacob Evert, late of Penn township, deceased.
7. Third partial account of A. Harlow and W. V. Beckwith, executors of &c. of Clement Beckwith, late of Worth township, deceased.
8. The account of I. S. Frain, guardian of John A. Loder, minor child of Margaret J. Loder, late of Marion township, deceased.
9. The final account of J. D. Shugart, guardian of Bella J. Hoover, minor child of John T. Hoover, late of Bellefonte borough, deceased.
10. The final account of Adam Vonada, surviving executor of &c. of Henry Vonada, late of Haines township, deceased.
11. The account of Adam Krumrine, administrator of &c. of Frederick Krumrine, late of Ferguson township, deceased.
12. The account of Augustus Huey, administrator of &c. of John Huey, late of Penn township, deceased.
13. The account of P. W. Barnhart and Jacob R. Leathers, trustees to sell real estate of John Hughs, late of Howard township, deceased.
14. The first and final account of J. K. Leathers, administrator of &c. of James Pheasant, late of Howard township, deceased.
15. The guardianship account of S. F. Foster, guardian of William R. Foster, of Princeton, New Jersey.

WM. E. BURCHFIELD, Register.

1-4t.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Neese, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowin themselves indebted to said estate, are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

S. J. HERING,
WM. H. NEESE,
Administrators.

1-6t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Harriett Breon, late of Haines township, deceased, havin been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby required to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

P. T. MUSSER, Executor.

4-6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration *de bonis non, cum testamento annexo*, on the estate of George Snyder, late of Haines township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL SNYDER, Administrator, *de bonis non, cum testamento annexo.*

3-6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Jacob Immel, late of Penn township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

J. H. REIFSNYDER, Administrator.

2-6t

PUBLIC SALE.—Will be sold at public sale, by order of the Orphan's Court, on the premises in the Borough of Millheim, on Saturday, the 17th day of January, 1880:

The undivided one half part of lots Nos. 23 & 25, in said borough, the property of the late Samuel Sivels, deceased. Thereon erected a large, two-story dwelling house, pottery, stable and other outbuildings. The house is suitable for two families to reside in.

TERMS: One half of purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the residue within one year thereafter with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. Ten per cent. of the first payment shall be made on the day of sale, to be refunded if the sale is not confirmed. Sale to commence at one o'clock P. M.

J. H. REIFSNYDER, Administrator.

1-3t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Jonathan Philips, late of the Borough of Millheim, Centre county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. The notes and accounts are left in the hands of B. O. Deininger for settlement and collection.

JOHN P. RUNKLE, Centre Hill
B. O. DEININGER, Millheim.
Executors.

1-6t

PATENTS

and how to obtain them. Pamphlet free, upon receipt of Stamp for postage. Address—

GILMORE, SMITH & CO.
Solicitors of Patents,
Near Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Grand Auction Sale

—OF—

FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, SHOW CASES,

CLOCKS, & FANCY GOODS.

I will dispose of my entire stock of the above articles at AUCTION sale beginning

MONDAY AFTERNOON JAN. 5, 1880.

at 2:30 o'clock and continue every afternoon, and evening at 7:30 until the entire stock is disposed of.

You are invited to attend these sales and procure these goods at

Your Own Prices.

Everything guaranteed as represented or money refunded.
Everything must be sold.

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No. 2 Brockerhoff House,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

MARTIN FREE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Window Shades,

OFFICE AND STORE

956 North Second Street,

FACTORY,

943 St. John Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

First Class Work and Low Prices.

Country Trade Respectfully Solicited.

PENSIONS!

Procured for Soldiers disabled in the U. S service from any cause, also for Heirs of deceased soldiers. All pensions date back to day of discharge, and to date of the death of the soldier. Pensions increased. Address, with stamp,

STODDART & CO.,
913 E. St. N. W. Washington, D. C.

3-4t

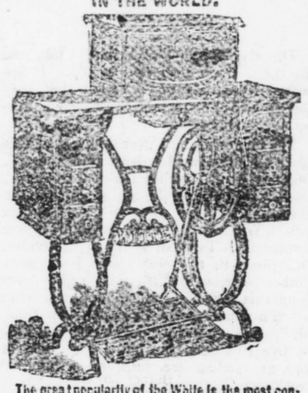
THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE

THE BEST OF ALL.

Unrivaled in Appearance,
Unparalleled in Simplicity,
Unsurpassed in Construction,
Unprecedented in Popularity,
And Undisputed in the Broad Claim

OF BEING THE

VERY BEST OPERATING QUIETEST RUNNING, HANDSOMEST, AND Most Perfect Sewing Machine IN THE WORLD.



The great popularity of the White is the most convincing tribute to its excellence and superiority over other machines, and in submitting it to the trade we put it upon its merits, and in no instance has it ever yet failed to satisfy any recommendation in its favor.

The demand for the White has increased to such an extent that we are now compelled to turn out

A Complete Sewing Machine every three minutes in the day to supply the demand.

Every machine is warranted for 3 years, and sold for cash at liberal discounts, or upon easy payments, to suit the convenience of customers.

AGENTS WANTED IN UNOCCUPIED TERRITORY.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.,
No 358 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO.,

Battle Creek, Mich.

ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE

"VIBRATOR" THRESHING MACHINERY.

THE Matchless Grain-Saving, Time-Saving, and Money-Saving Threshers of this day and generation. Beyond all rivalry for Rapid Work, Perfect Cleaning, and for Saving Grain from Wastage.

STEAM Power Threshers a Specialty. Special sizes of Separators made expressly for Steam Power.

OUR Unrivaled Steam Thresher Engines, both Portable and Traction, with Valuable Improvements, far beyond any other make or kind.

THE ENTIRE Threshing Expenses (and often three to five times that amount) can be made by the Extra Grain SAVED by these Improved Machines.

GRAIN Raisers will not submit to the enormous wastage of Grain and the inferior work done by all other machines, when once posted on the difference.

NOT Only Vastly Superior for Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye, and like Grains, but the Only Successful Thresher in Flax, Timothy, Millet, Clover, and like Seeds. Requires no "attachments" or "rebuilding" to change from Grain to Seeds.

IN Thorough Workmanship, Elegant Finish, Perfection of Parts, Completeness of Equipment, etc., our "Vibrator" Thresher Outfits are Incomparable.

MARVELOUS for Simplicity of Parts, using less than one-half the usual Belts and Gears. Makes Clean Work, with no Litterings or Scatterings.

FOUR Sizes of Separators Made, Ranging from Six to Twelve-Horse size, and two styles of Mounted Horse Powers to match.

FOR Particulars, Call on our Dealers or write to us for Illustrated Circular, which we mail free.

VICTORIOUS!

HIGHEST & BEST AWARD

And Grand Medal of Honor.

Economy, Durability and Rapidity combined with perfect work,

Are Distinguishing Features of the celebrated

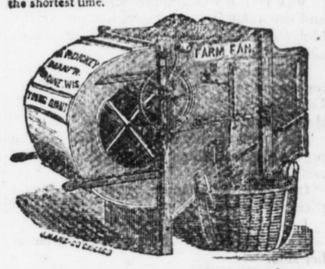
Giant Farm and Warehouse Fans,

MADE BY

A. P. DICKEY,

Racine, Wis.

Now having many late improvements, they are fully equal to every demand; cleaning all kinds of Grain, Peas, Beans, Castor Beans, Corn and Small Seed. They grade Wheat perfectly by one handling. Separate Oats from Wheat, Barley and Rye. They have very perfect arrangements for cleaning Timothy, Clover, Flax Seed, Orchard Grass, and all other Small Seeds. They Chaff perfectly, and combine every qualification required to do the best work in the shortest time.



Warehouse, as well as Farm Mills, are largely constructed, both kinds requiring nine sizes to accommodate the demand, and giving a capacity of from 50 to 500 bushels per hour, according to size of mill.

They are shipped, boxed for ocean transportation, and "set up" or "knocked down" for forwarding inland, as requested; and in all cases put free on board Cars or Steamer. Orders filled same day as received.

Mills shipped "knocked down" go for half the freight charged as when forwarded "set up." Oleographs and Circulars supplied on application. Prices will be quoted *free* and on liberal terms. Correspondence solicited.

Be sure and send for Catalogue and inquire for the

Taylor & Farley CABINET ORGAN,

BEFORE PURCHASING ANY ORGAN.

NONE SUPERIOR AND BUT FEW EQUAL.

NOTHING SHODDY, AND PRICES LOW.

MANUFACTORY AT WORCESTER, Mass.

ESTABLISHED 1846.

HIGHEST HONORS

AT THE

Centennial World's Fair, 1876!

THE

SHONINGER ORGANS

PRONOUNCED UNANIMOUSLY AS THE

BEST INSTRUMENTS.

Their comparative excellence is recognized by the Judges in their Report, from which the following is an extract:

"The B. SHONINGER ORGAN CO.'S exhibit as the best Instruments at a price rendering them possible to a large class of purchasers, having a combination of Reeds and Bells, producing novel and pleasing effects, combining many desirable improvements, will stand longer in dry or damp climate, less liable to get out of order, all the boards being made three-ply, put together so it is impossible for them to either shrink, swell or split." THE ONLY ORGANS AWARDED THIS RANK.

This Medal and Award was granted after the most severe competition of the best makers, before one of the most competent juries ever assembled.

New Styles and prices just issued, which are in accordance with our rule, the BEST ORGAN for the least money.

We are prepared to appoint a few new Agents.

Illustrated Catalogues mailed, post-paid, on application to

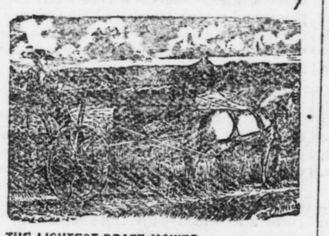
B. SHONINGER ORGAN CO.,

97 to 123 CHESTNUT STREET,

NEW HAVEN, CONN.

WILBER'S DIRECT DRAFT

EUREKA MOWER,



THE LIGHTEST DRAFT MOWER.
THE CHEAPEST MOWER.
THE LARGEST MOWER.

THE BEST MOWER IN THE WORLD.

TESTIMONIALS.

The Eureka is superior to any side-cut machine I ever used or ever saw in use. HARRIS LEWIS,
President of New York Dairymen's Asso.

The curing of the grass cut with the Eureka Mower is more even and rapid than after the side-cut machines.
GEORGE W. HOFFMAN,
President Farmers' Club, Elmira, N. Y.

The Eureka Mower is the very best we ever saw, and there is no side-cut mower that can compare with it in any respect.
V. K. PIOLLET,
State Grange Lecturer, Wysox, P.

The manner in which it leaves the cut grass, loose and open to the sun and wind ready for drying, puts the Eureka far ahead of any machine I ever used. B. LAPORTE, Asylum, Pa.

Manufactured by EUREKA MOWER CO. Towanda, Bradford County, Pa. Correspondence solicited. Circulars mailed on application.

Immense. Immense. Immense.

$25,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

ON EXHIBITION NOW AT THE

BEE HIVE STORE.

Have Just Opened the Third Stock for Fall and Winter of 1879.

Never has there been shown in any store in Lock Haven such a Stock of Dry Goods as can now be seen at the Bee Hive, and at prices that will astonisn everybody.

The Dress Goods Department,

Which we make Our Great Speciality, is Truly Immense.

One lot 46 inch wide French Dress Goods, sold all through the season at $1.25, now sold at $1.40.
One lot 46 inch Real Camel Hair Cloth sold at $2 now $1 per yard—all colors.
One lot double with Cloth Suiting sold at $1 now sold at 60 cents.
500 yards all wool Cashmere, full double width, in all the new shades, sold at 60 cents now offered at 45 cents.
500 yards all wool Twilled Dress Goods sold at 50 cents now offered at 33 cents—a great bargain.
One lot French Double Weight Cashmere, sold at $1 now offered at 85 cts.—all colors.
1500 yards Black Cashmeres, all wool, from 40 cents per yard, up—cheaper than any store in Central Pennsylvania will or can sell them.
2000 yards fine Twilled Cashmeres, in all shades and colors, all wool filling, sold at 12½ cents, former price 25 cents.
1500 yards Brocade Dress, beautiful colors, 10 cents a yard, sold at 12½ and 15 cents.
An immense stock of Scotch Plaids and Fancy Stripes at 10 and 12½ cents, way below their value, with the largest stock of

Black and Colored Silks, Black and Colored Silk Velvets,

Fancy Trimming Silks and Velvets in this section of the state.
The largest stock of Ladies, Misses and Children's Coatings and Suckings, Black Beavers, Diagonal and Striped Coatings to be found in Lock Haven, at great bargains.

An Immense Stock of Ladie's Ready-Made Coats,

Bought at a great bargain and will be sold much below their value. Everybody should see the great bargains in these goods.

Our stock of Flannels, Blankets, Ladie's skirts, Shawls, Men and Boys' Cassimers, Shirting, Red and White Flannel, Table Linens, Tickings, Ginghams, Toweling, Canton Flannels, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Wide Sheetings and Pillow Case Muslins are simply the largest ever shown in this city, at very low prices.

In Stockings, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Nubias, Hoods, Corsets, Rushings, Ties Buckskin Gloves, and Mittens, and everything in the No ion line, comprising the largest and cheapest stock in Central Pennsylvania. We make this season a great speciality in Silk Fringes, in colors and black. Have an immense stock in Ladies, Misses, Children's, Men's and Boys' Undershirts and Drawers, we can undersell everybody. Just received a new lot of CARPETS, 3, 3-ply, 2-ply and Ingrain. Mattings, Oil Cloths, for floor and table, Cotton Batts, Carpet Chain, &c., &c. Also another lot of 5,000 yards good fast color DARK CALICO, the best in this city AT FOUR CENTS, 4 cts, 4 cts, 4 cts a yard.

The Bee Hive is the leading Dry Goods Store of Lock Haven. It keeps the greatest variety of goods to select from. It keeps only first-class goods, is enabled to sell them cheaper than any other store on account of the great quantity, but which enables us to buy much cheaper than small stores, and enables us to sell them at a profit and be fully as cheap as the goods cost them. Let everybody call early and be convinced that we only advertise facts, and that large stores like the Bee Hive can offer decided advantages over every competitor. The Great Bee Hive Dry Goods Store, 69 Main Street, Lock Haven, Pa.

J. J. EVERETT, PROP'R.

All Orders by Mail will receive Prompt and Immediate Attention.

YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

NESBIT BROS.,

Successors to the "East Lewisburg Lumber & Manufacturing Company,"

Manufacturers of

Flooring, Siding, Moulding, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Verandas and all other kinds of Building Materials.

BEING provided with ample facilities, the latest and most improved machinery, and the best mechanical skill, we are prepared to execute all orders promptly, and in the very best manner.

We give special attention to the furnishing of Material for the better grades of

HOUSE BUILDING.

Also, to the manufacture of SCHOOL OFFICE and CHURCH FURNITURE; SUNDAY SCHOOL, and PRIVATE BOOK CASES.

FACTORY—EAST LEWISBURG. NESBIT BROS.

N. B.—We can send Materials to Coburn or Spring Mills at cheap freights. 25-1y

!! A New Announcement !!

HARRIS' STANDARD STORE,

235 MARKET STREET,

Lewisburg, Pa.

As usual, always the CHEAPEST and FIRST in the field with ALL THE NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON.

FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY.

A Complete Stock of LADIES' and MISSES'

HATS AND BONNETS.

Feathers, Velvets, Silks, Satins and Ribbons in all Shades.

NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS.

CORSETS AND HOSIERY A SPECIALITY.

GLOVES, RUCHES, COLLARS AND CUFFS.

Ladies' and Childrens' Underwear.

All Styles of Dress Buttons, Towels, Table Covers, Germantown Wool, Saxony Wool, Zephyrs, Jewelry and Perfumery, Woolen Shawls, Sacks, and Hoods, Ladies' and Misses' Furs, &c., &c.

A large Stock of Ladies' Ready-made Coats from $2.50 up.

OUR FIVE CENT COUNTER

Replenished and New Attractions Constantly Added. Picture and Motto Frames, &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

☞ A comparison of our Prices will convince any one that we sell about FIFTY PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN ELSEWHERE.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1880

B. O. DEININGER, - - - EDITOR.

R. A. BUMILLER, - - ASSISTANT EDITOR.

Local Department.

—The wheat fields appear very promising.

—Revival meetings are in progress in the M. E. and Evangelical churches in Lewisburg.

—Squire Hering and Wm. Neese are the administrators of Jacob Neese, of Penn Hall, deceased.

—Job work of all kinds done at the JOURNAL Office at prices as cheap as the cheapest.

—Hon. Simpson Africa has been appointed Supervisor of the 7th Census district, of which Centre county forms a part.

—The Spring elections come off Tuesday, Feb 17th. See to it that good men are elected.

—Have you "hanged" your meat? It is about time that you would be thinking about it.

—Mr. D. L. Zerby is a candidate for census enumerator. Hope he will get the appointment.

—The Millheim Cornet Band expects to give a concert in Millheim, Saturday evening, February 7th. Particulars will be announced in due time.

—John Campbell, eldest son of Mr. E. C. Campbell, has been confined to his bed by sickness for some weeks.

—It is a gratifying fact that there is enough pluck, grit, snap and love for the profession among the teachers of Miles township to start up a local institute. Bravo, boys! We read your proceedings as well as Mr. Royer's essay with pleasure. Keep it up.

—The property of the late Samuel Sivels, being the undivided half of the premises occupied by J. F. Chambers, was sold at administrator's sale, on Saturday to H. H. Weiser for something like $400.

—State Superintendent Wickersham suggests to School Boards the propriety of adopting resolutions requiring all teachers to hold a public examination of pupils near the close of the school term.

—H. E. Duck, Esq., was recently elected a director of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company, *vice* A. Alexander, whose state of health forbids him to keep the office any longer.

—Samuel Snyder, administrator, will have sale of the personal effects of George Snyder, late of Haines township, deceased, on the premises, Saturday afternoon.

—Dr. Musser gives notice that he is the executor of the estate of Mrs. Harriet Breon, deceased, late of Haines township. He is competent for the job.

SUGAR VALLEY AHEAD. — Rev. John Landis, Pastor of this circuit, U. B. Church, was presented with an excellent overcoat by his friends in the upper end of Sugar Valley. Now what are the "Millheimers" going to do about it? That's the question.

—Mr. Fred. Metzger, a son of Henry Metzger, of Texas, who had been in Millheim about 14 years ago, is at present in our town on a visit to relations. The little boy of 14 years ago has grown up to a fine looking young man. Welcome, Fred.

—According to the late triennial assessment, Snyder county is "worth" $3,604,304. A big-feeling fellow at our elbow wants to know if that little sum will buy it, and what discount *they* will allow for cash. Answer by return mail.

—Mr. D. B. Wagner, of this place, the well known agent of the Singer Sewing Machine Co., intends removing to Lebanon, Pa., by the 1st of April, and will carry on the same business. He will be succeeded by a gentleman from Pottsville. We are sorry to lose our clever neighbor, but what is our loss will be Lebanon's gain.—*Lewisburg Journal.*

—A lady writes an indignant note to a contemporary, in which, with true rustic innocence, she expresses a belief that editors never go to heaven. We thought even country people knew that journalists never went anywhere. They didn't get a chance. They just sit up nights thinking how to do good until the tops of their heads wear holes in their hair.—*Ex.*

—We call the attention of our readers to the changed advertisement of the Bellefonte BEE HIVE STORE, Mr. J. H. Bauland, proprietor. This is an exclusive Dry Goods strictly *one price* store. The popular proprietor, has, by strict integrity, courteous manners, and by his very low and uniform prices gained the confidence of the people of Centre county, and is doing a large and increasing trade. When you go to Bellefonte don't pass by the Bee Hive. You will find "Cap" Mingle still there, smiling and pleasant as a basket of chips, ready to wait upon you.

REPORT OF MILLHEIM PRIMARY SCHOOL for month ended Jan. 20, 1880:

Whole No. enrolled	56
" " attended	50
Average attendance	42
Per cent. of attendance	85
No. of days school was closed	6

Visitors: Miss Maze Foote, Messrs. A. C. Musser and A. Huey—Directors, J. F. Chambers, P. H. Musser, John W. Foote, Jas. N. VanOrmer and M. C. Gephart.

J. R. VANORMER, Teacher.

—The Mifflinburg *Telegraph* says that the old Berlin furnace in the neighborhood of Laurelton will likely blow up again. Well, can't you let her blow?

—We hear of a number of our merchants who propose removing to other points to do business. The places they now occupy will no doubt be filled by others. Just at the present time our borough is overrun with terrible forebodings of the fate that is to befal us. There have been too many stores here for the population, which accounts for much complaint. If those who have capital would put it into manufacturing enterprises it would bring them greater returns, make more business, and stimulate others to new enterprises. As we have said before, our citizens have the capital lying idle to make our town one of the most bustling in the State. Who will be the first to start some new manufactory? — *Lewisburg Journal.*

—On the principle that it does our big, Saxon heart good to see the good fortune of others, we feel happy to state that our accomplished young friend, J. Reese VanOrmer, is now a full-fledged banker, carrying the keys to that solid money institution, the Millheim Banking Company, in his pocket; then again it makes us feel sort 'o sad—he is such a nice young man—to think that he too may soon become as hard-hearted as any Shylock among them. Would'nt be a bit surprised to see Reese build himself a marble front palace, and then—yes, then *he* would'nt care whether the poor had bread or not.

We did not learn what duties Reese is to attend to, but presume of course that he is to "boss the shanty." Our hat is off, Reese.

SPRING MILLS ITEMS.

Ira McKinney on his way home from church while handling a pistol accidentally shot himself through the hand. That's what you get, boys.

The protracted meeting is still in progress with good results. This week it is held in Grenoble's Hall. May the Lord continue to bless the good work.

All should attend the concert on Friday evening, as the proceeds are for the benefit of the M. E. Church.

Jacob Fredrick is now laid up with his frozen feet. Sorry for Jake.

On last Sabbath four persons united themselves with the M. E. Church. This is encouraging both to pastor and people. Hope more may soon follow the example.

The Granger meeting next Friday afternoon will no doubt be a success. Come and hear them. YONEY.

Proceedings of the Second Meeting of Teachers' District Institute of Miles Township, Held on Saturday, January 17th, 1880.

House called to order by I. W. Smull, President. After reading a portion of Scripture the minutes of previous meeting were read and adopted.

A. E. Wolf resumed the subject of *Language Lessons;* to make his remarks more practical, he requested the teachers to form themselves into a class and be his *little boys* for a time. He pursued a catechetical course, thus making his remarks not only practical, but also entertaining. He thinks pupils should be drilled orally for quite a time, before the technicalities of Grammar, as presented in most text books are placed into their hands.

T. M. Gramley followed by giving a short talk on *Elementary Reading;* he regards it a waste of time, to teach the Alphabet by itself, but would associate it with reading simple words, as soon as the pupil has become familiar with but a few letters. He would have no class of A-b-ce darians. A general discussion followed, in which the remarks of Mr. Gramley were fully endorsed.

Ira. W Smull next read an essay on *How to make the School-room attractive.* He approves of decorated walls, &c., but regards the pleasant countenance of a loving teacher as far surpassing all other means to accomplish this end. The young gentleman undoubtedly gave his subject much consideration.

Among the innovations of the day, was the appearance of H. G. Royer, the secretary of our School Board, who made his presence agreeable by reading an essay entitled, *Duties of Directors to teachers,* a true copy of which is herewith subjoined. He almost "brought down the house." Adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Geo. S. Franck read a very well prepared essay on *Whispering at School.* He regards it the greatest obstacle to be overcome by the teacher, and advises no one to attempt to abolish it *in toto,* under all circumstances. He was succeeded by Rob. K. Roush who presented his plan *How to teach Long Division,* followed by a general discussion in which a number of teachers and directors participated.

C. L. Gramley concluded the roll of performers by giving a little talk on *Divisibility of Numbers.*

After the usual miscellaneous routine of business, Institute adjourned to meet in Rebersburg, January 31st, 1880.

It affords me pleasure to say, that several of our Directors are interested in our meetings, and greet us with their presence and help.

C. L. GRAMLEY, Cor. Sec.

ESSAY BY H. G. ROYER, SECT. OF SCHOOL BOARD.

The duties of the School Director to the teacher are not a few nor of little importance.

The name director in itself suggests a number of duties, which most of us directors are not able to perform. If I understand the term *School Director,* it means a man who stands at the head of public instructions as a guide, index or Band board for those who are interested in the common school cause. It can hardly be expected that the teacher should apply to the Director for anything, which would qualify him to teach, but aside from that he should be a refuge for him, and stand ready to defend him in his rights.

To do justice in every respect, the director ought to have a good common school education, and if not that at least good common sense; if a man has the one quality and not the other he may be able to perform most of his duties, but if he lacks both—in education and what may be called good common sense, as some do, he would do more service as a street lamp reflector than School Director, for as such he might throw light to some, while in the other capacity he stands in his own light and in that of others.

It is the duty of the Director to respect the teacher, to be familiar with him, and place himself as near as possible in the teacher's situation so that he may join him to overcome difficulties and rejoice with him in success.

The Director should visit his school and if he can do nothing more, he can show by his presence that he respects learning, and show to the children that he respects their teacher, and takes an interest in their work. In this way without saying a word he can speak many things in favor of the teacher and school and more than this, by frequent visits, he can gain an idea of what the faithful teacher must undergo in order to meet with success, all that is connected with his profession; and thus be better able to give him a proper compensation for his services. It is certainly the duty of the Directors to pay the teacher in proportion to the labor performed, and how will he be able to judge if he holds himself aloof from the teacher, regarding him as one imposin on the good will of the people, and who is *too lazy to work.*

I, therefore, say again, it is the duty of a Director to respect the teacher, and aid him in all he can.

—Charley Hartman has been promoted and transferred from the Branch to the P. & E. R. R., but before he left his comrades presented him with a gold ring and charm. Served him right—he deserves it.

AARONSBURG CRUMBS.

The event of our town last week was the marriage of Prof. W. T. Meyer and Miss Lizzie Musser. The happy pair have gone on a trip, bearing with them the best wishes of their many friends.

Another wedding in town a day later Mr. W. M. Hartman, of your town, and Miss Ida Brown, of Aaronsburg. At this rate Aaronsburg will soon lose the right to boast of her numerous marriageable ladies. Millheim gentlemen seem especially bent to secure Aaronsburg ladies for wives. No personal reflections, however, Mr. Editor. [Certainly not, but hit us again, Mr. Ecks Wy, we can stand it—we *have* friends. Ed.]

Mr. J. C. Meyer left for Lancaster on Friday morning. Miss Ella Musser, who had come home to attend the wedding of her friend Lizzie, also accompanied the bridal party as far as Lewisburg.

Mr. Michael Harper has been sick for over a week, but is getting better.

Mr. John Moyer living just north of town, had a stroke of palsey. It was at first thought he could not live but he is improving.

Teaching penmanship does not pay in Aaronsburg. A young gentleman came here this winter and tried it, but went away poorer than he came. Poor fellow left his heart in possession of one of our pretty young lasses. Hope he will come for it, some time.

Many people have sore throats, but fortunately there are no serious cases.

Ossie Holloway has gone to Akron, Ohio, to stay with his brother Durbin.

X. Y.

News Miscellaney.

The criminal laws of Maryland are slightly defective, as will be seen by the fact that a judge in Baltimore in a recent charge to a jury stated that according to the existing status a ruffianly assault comes under the head of misdemeanor, while stealing a loaf of bread by a half starved vagabond is characterized as a felony.

Billy Long, of DuBois, Jefferson county, is one of the oldest trappers and hunters in the state. He has passed his eighty-sixth year, and has searched the woods for game since boyhood. He has killed thousands of deer, hundreds of bears and wolves and scores of panthers in his day. He still wears moccasins and dresses in buckskin.

A Figure of Speech.

2 lovers sat beneath the shade,
And 1 un2 the other said:
"How 14 8 that you be9
Have smiled upon this suit of mine;
If 5 a heart it palps for you—
Thy voice is mu6 melody—
'Tis 7 to be thy lovèd 1, 2—
Say, 0y nymph, wilt marry me?"
Then lisped she soft: "Why 13ly!"

A Pittsburg firm has made $150,000 by the recent rise in iron, and Mr. John Scott, president of the Allegheny Valley railroad, has cleared $60,000 on four thousand shares of Pennsylvania railroad stock, which he bought previous to the rise.

A sign of the mild weather noticed in Forest county is thousands of wild pigeons flying northward. In Butler county the frogs are hopping about and chirping and woods are full of birds.

Among the latest amusements advertised in the oil regions is a fight to take place on the 22nd of next month, at Karns City, between a bull dog and bear. It was not far from this point that the bull and bear fight occurred.

BANK DIRECTORS.—The Lewisburg Bankers elected the following Directors, on Tuesday: *Union National.*—Wm. C. Duncan, Levi Rooke, Wm. L. Harris, P. Billmeyer, Jonathan Wolfe, William Jones, John C. Smith, J. F. VanValzah, Martin Dreisbach, Joseph C. Nesbit, M. L. Schoch. *Lewisburg National.*—F. C. Harrison, Eli Slifer, Geo. F. Miller, J. B. Packer, John Walls, Solomon Ritter, George Gross M. Halfpenny, John Strohecker. — *Chronicle.*

EXPENSIVE HOUSES.—There are to be constructed in New York City by Cornelius Vanderbilt one house which will cost him $750,000; by William K. Vanderbilt one, the expense of which will be $200,000; and by William H. Vanderbilt two together, which will aggregate $700,000—in all, $1,650,000.

Them's just the kind of chaps we would like to see come to Millheim and build. Couldn't our town council throw out some inducement for them to come? Try it, gentlemen.

SHOT BY HER DAUGHTER.—Mrs. H. Josephine Ward, residing in Boston, was fatally shot by her daughter, a girl of nineteen years, while asleep in bed recently. It is reported that the girl says she seized the pistol under the impression that there was a burglar in the room, and that the weapon was accidentally discharged in the excitement of the moment.

POISONED BY PAINTING HER FACE.—In Easton there lives a young woman about 19 years old, who has a fine complexion, but to improve it she began to use white lead on her face instead of powder. She used the lead on several occasions, and the result is her right side is entirely paralyzed and she is entirely helpless. The poisonous material has entered her body, and during the past few days she has been continually vomiting, and is now in a painful though not exactly in a dangerous condition.

Forty tons of tobacco were raised last year in the vicinity of Freeburg, Snyder county, which amount realized to its owners $10,000.

James L. Hanley, of Coal City, Venango county, has been arrested for bigamy. He has three wives and married them all seven months apart.

Keep your hats on. It is said that etiquette no longer requires a gentleman to take off his hat when meeting ladies on the street. A polite bow is the latest, and may also save a cold in the head. Ladies are at liberty to do as they please about it.

Robert and Dennis Patterson, brothers, at Huntsville, Ga., quarrelled over the question of dividing some hogs that had just been killed. An immense kettle, full of very hot water, was at the edge of a platform on which they stood, to be used in scalding the hogs. Robert was a Methodist preacher but that did not prevent him from getting furiously angry, and he threatened to throw Dennis into the kettle. Dennis challenged him to try, and he did. The two brothers struggled hard, and finally plunged into the water together, receiving scalds that killed them both.

ANOTHER BOY'S PISTOL HEARD FROM.—Two little McVeytown boys, Hertzler and Corkle, were out on the sly along the river, trying to shoot muskrats with a pistol. It was fine sport, especially as the "old folks at home" did not know they had the pistol. Young Hertzler was aiming at a muskrat, and holding the hammer, which would not stay cocked, when he slipped, and of course the hammer slipped too, sending the bullet through his own hand and one of Corkle's sleeves, just grazing his arm. Somehow that pistol has disappeared—the boys can't find it anywhere.—*Ex.*

CRIME'S WAGES.—The regular criminal term of court for January, before Judge Cummin, ended at Williamsport on Saturday evening with the sentence of sixteen prisoners, ten of whom go to the Eastern Penitentiary for terms ranging from twelve and a half years to two and a half. Two others convicted of grave offenses, were not sentenced, motions for new trials having been made.

AN ELECTION for Officer for Centre County Mutual Insurance Co. recently took place in Bellefonte with the following result: I. S. Frain, President; L. Neff, Vice President; George Taylor, Secretary; J. H. Barnhart, Treasurer.

JANUARY JURY LIST.—The jurors drawn for the term of court commencing January 26th, are as follows:

GRAND JURORS.

William Spotts, Union	J S Sommerville, S Shoe
Alex. Miller, Spring	Jos Armstrong, Potter
Jos G Carson, Potter	Chas B Shaffer, Harris
E M Fisher, Union	Scott Williams, Huston
T B Potter, Philipsburg	Robt Beerly, Boggs
Wm Wilte, Burnside	Hen W Stover, Haines
B Holter, Howard boro	Jas S Krape, Ferguson
W H Noll, Spring	Conrad Lesh, Walker
D C Gentzell, Penn	J Musser, Sr., Spring
R D Beirly, Miles	Jacob Keepe, Penn
R S Iddings, Union	A Watson, Philipsburg
W H Kreamer, Miles	S F Kline, Howard boro

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

J F Krebs, Ferguson	J C Rankin, Snow Shoe
Dav M Henry, Potter	Jack Feizer, Boggs
Sam M Winter, Miles	Ed Tyson, Bellefonte
G Copenhaver, Taylor	B R Else, Milesburg
John T Lee, Potter	Cameron Boak, S. Shoe
Harrison Kline, Spring	William Musser, Potter
Cons'ee Curtin, Boggs	H A Mingle, Haines
John Garbrick, Spring	A J Thompson, Halfm'n
Hen Eckenroth, Spring	Em'l Peters, Ferguson
Jas Ardry, Sr., Worth	Dan B Malone, Boggs
John Hoffer, Bellefonte	Ad Krumrine, Potter
Samuel Harter, Gregg	Austin Swieher, Huston
Thom C Houtz, College	Patrick Holton, Rush
Thom Bechdol, S. Shoe	D H Roop, Worth
Jon Spangler, Miles	Rob Edminston, Patton
B Thompson, Huston	Wm Cole, Halfmoon
Wm B Rupp, Worth	W S Galbraith, Bellef'te
James Grimm, Potter	Davis Evans, Potter
R J Hayes, Snow Shoe	Hezekiah Hoy, Benner
S R Pringle, Taylor	B Viedeffer, Burnside
John P Dehass, Curtin	Wm Wiser, Millheim
Sam Brugger, Unionv'e	F W Crider, Bellefonte
H Sindler, Philipsburg	E A Rymah, Philipsb'g
Isr'l Kauffman, Spring	J Eckenroth, Spring

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Wm Allison, Potter	John Delaney, Boggs
	C C Evans, [not to be found in county.]
William Ishler, Potter	John Hoy, Spring
Sam Gilliland, College	John Ludwig, College
T Billings, Ferguson	Thom Bennett, Worth
John H Musser, Haines	Geo Keister, Haines
Wm H Goheen, Potter	Fred Moyer, Gregg
Samuel Hoover, Taylor	Wm Bing, Spring
J B Curtin, Boggs	Elijah Burd, Haines
Jacob Muse, Potter	Mich Corman, Liberty
Hugh Adams, Huston	Fred Limbert, Haines
L A Shaffer, Walker	J C Henderson, Huston
F Montgomery, Bellef'te	Benj Buck, Halfmoon
J New, Hall, Howard tp	C R Yearick, Marion
Thom S Lingle, Liberty	C T Garbrick, Bellef'te
Chas Reese, Snow Shoe	Jos F Mitchell, College
Wm Baird, Milesburg	Wm Beck, Bellefonte
J K Hosterman, Miles	H H Benner, Bellefonte
Henry Eters, College	

TRAVERSE JURORS—THIRD WEEK.

J R Boileu, Milesburg	H O Bower, Haines
John A Haines, Gregg	Blair Alexander, Union
G W Weaver, S. Shoe	B Rumberger, Halfm'n
John From, Spring	C H Kephart, Patton
John S Hoy, Marion	S Crissman, Philipsb'g
J Griffin, Halfmoon	William From, Potter
Jos Bechdol, Liberty	Johnson Cullen, Rush
Jos Eckley, Snow Shoe	Thom Harrison, Spring
A E Gobble, Gregg	H L Barnhart, Boggs
T R Reynolds, Bellef'te	John L Fink, Taylor
Sam Showers, Walker	Sam Yearick, Haines
R Lucas, Howard boro	William S Smith, Penn
D B Delong, Curtin	Albert Hoy, Ferguson
John Taylor, Gregg	Fred Jamison, Gregg
John Hamilton, Gregg	G W Rumberger, Patton
John Miller, Walker	Peter Brown, Potter
Ed Holt, Snow Shoe	U D Osman, Potter
J C Mason, Rush	Geo Emerick, Rush

MARRIED.

On the 25th ult., by Rev. John Tomlinson, Mr. H. N. Kramer and Miss Della E. Wolf, both of Clinton Co., Pa.

On the 15th inst., by the same Mr. Wm. M. Hartman, of Millheim, and Miss Viola Brown, of Aaronsburg.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday, by Gephart & Musser.

Wheat No. 1	1.25
Wheat No. 2	1.15
Corn	45
Rye	60
Oats White	35
Oats, Black	30
Buckwheat	50
Flour	7.00
Bran & Shorts, per cwt	18.00
Salt, per Brl	2.25
Plaster, ground	10.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	50
Tymothyseed	
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	5.25
Butter	20
Hams	12
Sides	6
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	18
Potatoes	25
Lard	6
Tallow	
Soap	6
Dried Apples	
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	8

COAL MARKET.

Egg Coal	$5.60
Stove "	5.75
Chestnut "	4.75
Pea "	3.80

J. H. BAULAND'S

ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

HEAD-QUARTERS FOR DRY GOODS,

—AT—

THE BEE HIVE ONE PRICE EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS STORE.

I am offering the *LARGEST, BEST* and *CHEAPEST* stock of Dry Goods in Centre county.

EVERY ONE SAYS THAT IS THE PLACE FOR BARGAINS. GO THEN AND BE CONVINCED.

—*ALL GOODS AT ALL TIMES SOLD AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.*—

Having received an immense Stock of Goods before the advance, I am able to sell Cheaper than any other Store in Town.

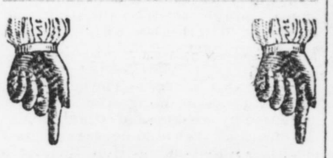
☞ALL MY GOODS ARE MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

HOPING TO RECEIVE AN EARLY CALL, I remain, respectfully, yours,

J. H. BAULAND.

My motto is, "*ONE PRICE—THE VERY LOWEST, AND NO MISREPRESENTATION.*"

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



FALL AND WINTER OPENING!!

MRS. ANNA M. WEAVER

has just received her Fall and Winter Stock of MILLINERY GOODS consisting of French Bonnets, Round Hats, French Flowers, Feathers, Ribbon and all kinds of FANCY GOODS.

DRESS MAKING

In all its Branches

SPECIALITY.

She invites her many friends and customer to call at her place of business, in Penn Street, in MILLHEIM.

Bush House,

Bellefonte Pa.

J. H. MEYERS, *Proprietor.*

SPECIAL RATES TO FAMILIES, PERMANENT BOARDERS AND PERSONS ATTENDING COURT.

BOTH LANGUAGES SPOKEN AT OUR HOTEL.

DAV. I. BROWN,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

TINWARE, STOVEPIPE AND TRIMMING, SPOUTING & FRUIT CANS.

Would respectfully inform the public that he keeps on hand or makes to order all kinds of TINWARE, STOVE-FIXTURES, FRUIT CANS, etc.

☞SPOUTING A SPECIALITY.☜

Fruit cans always on hand. Repairing done at short notice. Having some ten years experience in the business he flatters himself that his work is fully equal to any in this section of the country. A share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. Shop, next door to Journal Book Store, Millheim, Pa

MILLHEIM MARBLE WORKS.

Deininger & Musser

PROPRIETORS.

The old and popular establishment is prepared to do all work in their line in a style equal to any in Central Pennsylvania, at prices that defy competition.

COUCHES, MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES,

of all sizes, styles and prices made on short notice.

The proprietors hope by

Strict Attention

TO BUSINESS

FAIR DEALING

&

GOOD WORK

to merit the continued confidence of their friends and patrons, and of the public at large.

Shops east of Bridge, Millheim, Pa.

P. GEPHART D. A. MUSSER

GEPHART & MUSSER

DEALERS IN

Grain, Cloverseed, Flour & Feed, Coal, Plaster & Salt

MILLHEIM, PA

Highest market price paid for all kinds of

GRAIN

Delivered either at the BRICK MILL or at the old MUSSER MILL, in MILLHEIM.

COAL, PLASTER & SALT

Always on hand and sold at prices that defy competition.

A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited. 33-1y

ELIAS LOSE,

Doors, Shutes, Sash, Window Frames, and Mouldings, made to order on short notice and in the best possible manner.

CARPENTER and Builder.

Yellow Pine Flooring constantly kept on hand. With thanks for past favors he solicits a continuence of the same.

MILLHEIM, PA.

C. W. STURGIS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

ONE DOOR EAST OF THE BANNER STORE, MARKET STREET, LEWISBURG, PA.

☞First Class Goods, Good, Honest Work and Moderate Prices—is the Combination to be found at Mr. Sturgis' Establishment. Patronage from Centre Co. respectfully solicited. None but the best workmen employed.☜

TO THE READERS of the JOURNAL.

I would like to call your attention to my very large stock of BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS which I am selling CHEAPER than any other house in Clinton or Centre counties. The

ELMIRA KIP BOOT

double Soles and Tap. only

$2.50.

This is the best bargain I ever offered. They are selling everywhere for $3.00

Don't forget the place

No. 115, Main Street, LOCK HAVEN, PA.

Very Respectfully Yours,

Jacob Kamp.

DR. D H. MINGLE,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Main Street, Millheim, Pa

A. HARTER,

AUCTIONEER,

Rebersburg, Pa.

☞SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.☜

FOX'S PATENT

Breech-Loading Shot Gun

Barrels slide one side. No hinge to get loose.

A Gun to stand the wear and tear, and not get shaky or get of order. Prices, from $50.00 upwards. Send stamp for Circular to

AMERICAN ARMS CO.

103 Milk Street, Boston, Mass.

AVERY
BEATS THE WORLD
WONDERFUL INVENTION
LIGHT RUNNING SEWING MACHINE EVER MADE
AVOIDING GEARS, CAMS AND LEVERS, AND SUBSTITUTING THEREFORE AN ENTIRELY NEW MECHANICAL PRINCIPLE & MOVEMENT. A RADICAL IMPROVEMENT. SEW FROM COARSE TO FINEST NUMBER OF THREAD BY AUTOMATIC CIRCULAR FEED ACTION IN EVERY PART. NO FRICTION, NO NOISE, NO FAN, NO TANTRUMS NOR GETTING OUT OF ORDER. ALWAYS READY TO SEW THE FINEST OR HEAVIEST GOODS, GIVING ENTIRE SATISFACTION. NO LONG TALK OR ARGUMENT REQUIRED. EVERY MACHINE TELLING ITS OWN STORY. CALL IMMEDIATE SALES. HENCE THE BEST MACHINE FOR AGENTS TO SELL. SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR.
AGENTS WANTED
AVERY MF'G CO.
812 BROADWAY
NEW YORK

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Div.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, Nov. 9th, 1879, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 55 p. m.	
" "	Harrisburg	4 25 a. m.	
" "	Williamsport	8 35 a. m.	
" "	Jersey Shore	9 07 a. m.	
" "	Lock Haven	9 40 a. m.	
" "	Renovo	11 00 a. m.	
" arr. at Erie		7 55 p. m.	
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	8 00 a. m.	
" "	Harrisburg	12 25 a. m.	
" "	arr. at Williamsport	2 25 p. m.	
" "	Lock Haven	3 50 p. m.	
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 50 a. m.	
" "	Harrisburg	3 35 p. m.	
" arr. at	Williamsport	7 25 p. m.	
" "	Lock Haven	8 40 p. m.	

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP. leaves	Lock Haven	7 00 a. m.	
" "	Jersey Shore	7 33 a. m.	
" "	Williamsport	8 15 a. m.	
" arr. at	Harrisburg	12 05 a. m.	
" "	Philadelphia	3 40 p. m.	
DAY EXPRESS leaves	Lock Haven	11 20 a. m.	
" "	Williamsport	12 10 p. m.	
" arr. at	Harrisburg	4 10 p. m.	
" "	Philadelphia	7 20 p. m.	
ERIE MAIL leaves	Renovo	8 40 p. m.	
" "	Lock Haven	9 50 p. m.	
" "	Williamsport	11 10 p. m.	
" arr. at	Harrisburg	2 45 a. m.	
" "	Philadelphia	7 00 a. m.	
FAST LINE leaves	Williamsport	12 35 a. m.	
" arr. at	Harrisburg	3 50 a. m.	
" "	Philadelphia	7 40 a. m.	

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains from Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with W. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with trains on L. C. & A. V. R. R. at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express West and Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, General Sup't.

L. C. & S. C. RAIL ROAD.

WESTWARD.

LEAVE	1. A. M.	3. P. M.	5. P. M.
Montandon	7 00	2 00	6 20
Lewisburg Arrive	7 15	2 10	6 35
Lewisburg Leave	7 15	2 20	
Fair Ground	7 30	2 30	
Biehl	7 50	2 40	
Vicksburg	7 35	2 48	
Mifflinburg Arrive	7 50	3 05	
Mifflinburg Leave	7 50	3 15	
Millmont	8 10	3 35	
Laurelton	8 20	3 50	
Coburn	9 30		
Arrive at Spring Mills	10 00		

EASTWARD.

LEAVE	2. A. M.	4. P. M.	6. P. M.
Spring Mills		10 20	
Coburn		10 35	
Laurelton		11 55	4 05
Millmont		12 05	4 20
Mifflinburg Arrive		12 30	4 40
Mifflinburg Leave		12 30	4 50
Vicksburg		12 45	5 05
Biehl		12 52	5 13
Fair Ground		1 02	5 23
Lewisburg Arrive		1 10	5 30
Lewisburg Leave	6 35	1 20	5 45
Arr. at Montandon	6 50	1 30	6 00

Nos. 1 & 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail west on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road.

Nos 3 & 4 with Day Express east and Niagara Express west.

Nos 5 & 6 with Fast Line west.

An Omnibus will run between Lewisburg and Montandon, to convey passengers to and from Pacific Express east on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad.

The regular Railroad Tickets will be honored between these two points.

A Gentle Stimulus

Is imparted to the kidneys and bladder by Hostetter's Bitters which is most useful in overcoming torpidity of those organs. Besides imparting more activity into them, this excellent tonic endows them with additional vigor and enables them the better to undergo the wear and tear of the discharging function imposed upon them by nature. Moreover, as they are the channel for the escape of certain impurities from the blood, it increases their usefulness by strengthening and healthfully stimulating them. In certain morbid conditions of these important organs, they fall into a sluggish state, which is the usual precursor of disease. What then can be of greater service than a medicine which impels them to greater activity when slothful? No maladies are more perilous than those which affect the kidneys; and a medicine which averts the peril should be highly esteemed.

Unsalted Butter.

The use of unsalted butter is on the increase in this country, and a process has recently been invented in England by which butter of this kind can be kept certainly for months, and possibly for years, without apparent deterioration. An experiment made proved that fresh butter when treated with this preservative could remain exposed to the action of the air for three months, and at the end of that time it was hardly possible to detect the difference between it and the newly made article. Some experts at butter tasting, it is said, thought that it lacked something of the aroma which butter fresh from the dairy possesses, and that an exceedingly slight trace of salt in it would impart to it more character. But for all practical purposes the article, at the end of three months, was as good as at the beginning, although under ordinary conditions it would have been considered unfit for eating at the end of ten days. The "preparation," as it is called, by the use of which this result is obtained is at present a secret. It is an odorless, tasteless and harmless antiseptic, and has also the merit of exceeding cheapness; so much so that the quantity needed to preserve a pound of butter costs in England about half a penny. It is worked into the butter directly after churning, and then all that is required is that the manufactured article should be kept in a tolerably cool place. The change which this discovery promises to bring about can hardly fail to be an important one, as it will tend to equalize the cost of the best table butter during the entire year. Hitherto, in the winter months, the price of even mildly-salted butter has been high, for the reason that made in the summer for winter consumption, it could only be kept pure by the admixture of a large quantity of salt. The same is true of what is known as cooking butter, which, as it is frequently made in a hurried and imperfect manner, is only checked from early putrefaction by the excessive use of a saline preservative. Now, if salt is no longer necessary, butter may be good or poor, but in either case its merits or faults will not need to be disguised under a covering of salt. It is also intimated that the same preparation can be applied to the preserving of fresh meat, and if this proves to be true, its effect upon the trade and dietory customs of the world would make the discovery one of the most important of the present century.

Egyptian Peasants.

Large in stature, and remarkable for his statuesque beauty, the appearance of the fellah is very striking. He has the true oval head peculiar to the Arab type; brilliant eyes, slanting up towards the outer angles; a well shaped mouth with the lips slightly projecting, and superb teeth; a well-formed aquiline nose, with the nostrils large and open like those of the negro; a small chin and rather thin beard. His complexion varies with the region of his abode, being darker towards the South. In the Delta he is of a light bronze, and in the Upper Egypt quite black. His cotton shirt is the only garment he indulges in; but, falling in graceful folds about his fine figure, he wears it with no less dignity than if it were a Roman toga. Degraded by slavery and his constant practice in taking alms, the fellah can scarcely be regarded as a responsible moral being. Indolent and a fatalist, he never works except when forced to do so by absolute necessity. There is but one thing that he cares for—repose; he has but one occupation—beggary. The blue chemise of the fellahines, falling from the shoulders to a little above the ankle, and open at the breast, is decidedly picturesque. The veil which they wear is also blue; it is thrown over the head and falls about them in ample folds. Sometimes, when they want to hide their faces, they catch hold of this fluttering blue banner with their beautiful teeth, and partially effect their object. The fellahines are sometimes tattooed upon forehead and chin, and they dye their nails with henna. In the country you often meet them unveiled; and I have sometimes seen a great beauty among them, preserving so astonishingly the Egyptian type that you feel as if you were looking at one of the old sculptures of Athos, or of Isis awakened to life. But really to appreciate the grace of the fellahine, you must see her returning from the river with a jug of water on her head. Her bare arms bent back to hold her burden, her garment draped about her body like a Greek tunic, and falling in numerous folds, straight and clinging—she walks proudly forward with a slow and measured step. Like that of the masterpieces of antiquity, her expression is grave, serene, and harmonious; and in her grand and simple *poses* she emulates the basket-bearers of the sacred processions. In the greatest works of art we do not find more dignity and grace than is sometimes displayed by these peasants of the Nile valley.

"VEGETINE," says a Boston physician "has no equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of its many wonderful cures, after all other remedies had failed, I visited the laboratory and convinced myself of its genuine merit. It is prepared from barks, roots and herbs, each of which is highly effective, and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce astonishing results."

AGRICULTURE.

FAMILIARITY OF CATTLE WITH CHILDREN.—We do not hear of all the children who are injured or killed by vicious cattle. It is a terrible thing to see a young half-broken cow chase a child out of a pasture if the escape be a narrow one; but how indefinitely worse is it to have her overtake the little one and toss or gore it. The child's fright often causes it to faint, which is a great relief and often a matter of safety, for the animal quickly sees that there is no danger to her from such a one. Cows and young stock in this country are usually familiar with men-folks, while they see little of women and children—hence they fear and defend themselves from them just as they would from dogs. In the same way many a horse has been fatally gored by a cow or heifer, simply because the latter had never been made familiar with horses. My horses are grazed more or less in the calf pasture, and so the calves know the horses, old and young, and as cows, are perfectly quiet with them. If this is important, and I think it is, it is ten times more important that the heifers should grow up in familiarity with women and children—be driven and fed by them more or less, and at calving time see that children may play with their calves without any harm coming to them. If heifers pass their first calving without getting frightened and distrustful of men and children, they will always thereafter be quiet and tractable. The practice of turning heifers and young stock out in the mountain pastures for the summer, interferes with this training, but it should be followed all the more diligently in the winter. We can sell our trained heifers and deliver them on board cars, steamboat, or anywhere else with whole skins, good horns, and unruffled tempers, with a very little attention to their education at the proper time.

FRENCH OUTLAY FOR AGRICULTURE.—The French government has appropriated for agriculture for 1880 the sum of 35,268,437 francs, of which 1,128,230 are for veterinary schools and public services, 1,875,150 for agricultural education, and over 14,000,000 for the care of forests. In the matter of education 242,950 francs are appropriated for the National Agricultural Institute, recently established; the three agricultural colleges at Grignon, Grand Jouan and Montpelier cost the nation 335,300 francs, this being the excess of expenses over receipts; 90,700 francs are appropriated for the school of horticulture at Versailles, 554,400 for practical schools of agriculture and farm schools throughout the winter, the school of drainage and irrigation, and the school of sheep husbandry, and 43,000 francs for the experiment stations, twenty-five in number, of which 16,467 are given to the station for silk culture, 10,000 to the station for silk culture, 10,000 to the station at Vincennes under the care of George Ville, some of whose writings are well known in this country, and sums varying from 500 to 6,000 francs to each of the others, except the very important one at Nancy, under Grandeau, which requires no government aid; 120,000 francs are appropriated for the so-called chairs of agriculture, of which there is one for each of the eighty-nine departments. The professors who occupy these chairs are appointed after examination by a competent committee, and it is their duty to lecture on agriculture at the primary institutions for public instruction, and at the agricultural meetings throughout their respective departments. Within the past year a law has been passed providing for the establishment of these professorships in all departments not already provided with them. The government shows a just appreciation of the importance of its agricultural interests in thus providing for the diffusion of agricultural knowledge throughout all ranks of the people.

RAT-PROOF CORN CRIBS.—There are not many farmers who do not lose corn enough by rats every year to pay the extra expense of making their crib or cribs rat proof. Such is the general dampness of the ground that the floor on which corn rests should be at least three feet above the earth. Pillars of this height above ground for crib sills should have plates of zinc or sheet iron extending six or eight inches on all sides before the sills are put upon them. Rats going up to the pillars (whether wood, stone or brick) can not pass the sheet iron or zinc, nor can they jump three feet from the ground and fasten themselves to the side of a crib. The steps, by which one enters the door of the crib, should be taken away at all times when not in use. In this way a farmer can easily keep rats from eating and polluting his bread corn. Where rats have access to one's crib they multiply rapidly, catch chickens, go to dwelling houses and become a perfect nuisance there also. All this evil is due, in a large degree, to feeding and breeding rats at a corn crib. This is the most unprofitable stock a farmer can raise.

TRUE economy, is not buying the lowest priced article. The best is cheapest. So with Dobbins' Electric Soap, (made by Cragin & Co., Philad'a.,) it is best and cheapest and we ask our readers to test it for themselves.

CURING TOBACCO IN PENS.—Simply plant a post or two sticks for the beginning and ending corners, and then begin square pens, like making a fence, leaving one side of each pen open as high up as wanted, say ten or fifteen rails, and then build up all sides as high as wanted, putting in strong rails for tiers as you go, and cover with loose boards with a few rails on top to hold the boards in place. These pens can be made almost as quick and cheap as scaffolds, and enough in one line to house a large field of tobacco. We have seen very fine tobacco cured in such pens, and then moved into the shed-barn for safe keeping. It does not require much firing, is generally safe (we have never known one to burn) and no house-burn. The pens being small, the tobacco is not likely to be crowded so close that the air will not pass through, and a little smoke in the beginning will cause the worms to drop off and start the tobacco to yellowing beautiful if ripe.

HARROWING DISTURBS THE HESSIAN FLY.—Doubtless this is because the wheat is pushed forward by the stirring of the soil, and many maggots are certainly destroyed.

THE man who declared himself to be intoxicated with music was air-tight.

A CIGARETTE is not nearly so good as a cigar smoked.

IT'S a sneezy thing to take snuff.

WHEN MIND AND BODY ARE OUT OF SORTS, with cold extremities, a yellowness in the skin, costiveness, dull headache, and an indisposition to stir about, be sure you are in for a bilious Attack, springing from a more or less Disordered Liver. Dr. Jayne's Sanative Pills will bring the Liver to a healthy condition, and speedily remove all biliary distress.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

BEEFSTEAK.—The porterhouse and tenderloin steaks are best. Of course there is a great difference in the cut of these steaks. For a cheap steak, a good cut of what is called chuck-steak is best. It has more flavor and juice, and is more tender than the round steak, costing the same price. Have the choice steaks cut three-quarters of an inch thick at least, grease the gridiron well, put on the steak, salted, over a hot, clear fire, watch it constantly, turning it whenever it gets a little brown. Do not stick the fork into the middle of the steak, only into the sides, where it will do the least harm by letting out the juice. It should be quite rare or pink in the centre, though not *raw*. When cooked enough, put it on a hot platter, sprinkle over plenty of salt and pepper, spread over the top some sweet butter, set the platter in the oven a few moments to let the butter soak a little into the steak, then serve immediately.

CHICKEN SAUTE.—Singe, draw and cut two tender chickens in quarters; crack the main bones, flatten slightly, and put in a sautoir with four ounces of melted butter, salt and pepper; cover, put on a brisk fire, and fry slightly brown on both sides: drain most of the butter off, besprinkle with half an ounce of sifted flour, mingle well, moisten with a pint of sweet cream, stir the sautoir to dilute the flour, cover, and boil ten minutes; dish up the chicken, add two pats of butter and the juice of half a lemon to the sauce, mingle well, pour over the chicken, besprinkle with chopped parsley and serve.

CAUSE AND EFFECT.—The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See other column.

LEMON PIES.—Beat four eggs very light, add to them, gradually, a quarter of a pound of fine sugar, whisk these together for a few minutes, strewing lightly in one ounce of corn starch flour; then stir in by degrees three ounces of melted butter: beat the whole well together, and stir in the juice and grated yellow rind of one large lemon Line your pie dish with a good puff paste rolled thin, fill them two thirds full of the mixture, and bake for twenty minutes in a moderate oven.

SNOWBALL PUDDING.—Boil one quart of rich milk, and then thicken it with a tablespoonful of flour or arrow-root. Beat up the yolks of four eggs with three tablespoonfuls of white sugar. Then pour the milk slowly into the eggs and sugar, stirring all the time. Pour this custard into a pudding dish and brown it slightly. Beat up the whites to a stiff froth, adding four tablespoonfuls of sugar, and flavoring with lemon. Drop it on the custard (when browned) in the form of balls as large as an egg. Set it back in the stove to brown a little.

COCOANUT DROPS.—Take equal weights of cocoanut grated and white sugar: care must be taken not to grate any of the brown part of the nut. Beat the whites of eggs to a stiff froth—there should be just enough to moisten the sugar and cocoanut, so that they will be quite stiff. Drop the mixture on to buttered plates. Make the drops the size of a cent, and several inches apart, and bake them in a moderate oven.

LEMON PUFFS.—Beat and sift a pound and a quarter of loaf sugar and mix with it the peel of two lemons grated; whisk the whites of three eggs to a firm froth, add it gradually to the sugar and lemon, and beat it all together for one hour. Make it up into any shape you please, place the puffs on oiled paper on a tin, put them in a moderate oven and bake six or eight minutes.

IT makes a person feel sad to hear a crying baby, suffering probably from some slight pain, which could be easily relieved by the use of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup, which is for sale at all drug stores.

DELICATE CAKE.—Take half a pound of butter, one pound of sugar, one pound of flour, half a pint of sweet milk or water, four eggs. Beat the butter and sugar to a cream, then add the beaten eggs, then the milk or water, then the flour; mix thoroughly and put the batter into your pan; sift fine sugar over the top and bake immediately in a moderate oven.

VINEGAR FROM HONEY.—Dissolve honey in water, in the proportion of four pounds to a gallon, and expose the mixture to the greatest heat of the sun, without closing wholly the bung-hole of the cask, which must be merely covered with coarse linen, to prevent the admission of insects. In about six weeks the liquor becomes acid, and changes to a very strong vinegar, of excellent quality.

WE DO not believe in medicine for children, but we do believe in Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup and assert that no family should be without it.

HOW TO MIX MUSTARD.—Mustard is a wholesome condiment if rightly prepared, and is relished with cold meats and salads. If prepared with cream it can be very smoothly mixed, and a little salt can be stirred with it.

Do A Clever Thing

for your wife. She does many for you—bakes, cooks, scrubs and mends. Her work is never done. Get from your grocer a package of Gilt-Edge Butter Maker for ten per cent. more butter, and of a color that she will be proud of. The valuable book, "Hints to Butter-Makers," is given away by all storekeepers.

NOVA POST OFFICE, Ashland Co. O. May 28th. 1879.

BUTTER IMPROVEMENT CO.,

Gentlemen: My attention was called by your correspondent of Elyria, Mr. Boynton, to your Gilt-Edge Butter Maker, and wished me to give it a trial. We churned one gallon of cream according to your directions in your letter to Mr. Boynton, with the following result, time of churning 12 minutes 3½ lbs., color good and quality far better than anything that I have tried previously. I have been engaged in the dairy business more or less 15 years. Also took of the same cream, the same time and from the same bulk, omitting your powder, as per directions, with the following result, time of churning 20 minutes, 3 pounds, quality inferior, short of what is required in our market. I would further say, I made a second trial with about the same result.

Truly yours,
C. S. VAN AMANN.

WIT AND HUMOR.

FOGARTY'S THANKSGIVING.—A good many people know Fogarty, Nic Fogarty, of Indianapolis. Four years ago he lived on Prospect street. A well-meaning fellow was Fogarty, not over fond of work, may be, nor over lucky in getting it even at those paroxysmal periods when he did want it—with an elegant taste for drink and as many friends as there are stones on the hill o' Howth. Mrs. Fogarty was a "wonner," you may take oath to that. True, she did most of the supporting of the family, three boys and a girl baby, with a head as smooth and hairless as a premium butter, at the fountain. And no easy work is it pursuing dirty linen all day long over a washboard. She had a restless tongue in her head, with a bitter, keen edge on it, and many a thrust of that nimble weapon did Fogarty receive. But she put the potatoes in the pot, and boiled them, too, and much had she to hurry her. It was four years ago, just, that there was an awful rumpus, a regular monkey and parrot time at the Fogarty house. Nobody knew exactly what it was all about. Mrs. Fogarty was seen soon after with one hand in the washtub, the other with the knuckles in her eyes. Mr. Fogarty was climbing over the back fence remarking something about the "Black hills."

That was four years ago. One night there was a knock at the Widow Fogarty's door.

"Who's there?" said she, the two youngest children covering up their heads with the bed-clothes.

"It's me," said a voice from without.

"I don't belave ye," said she, "who air yez?"

"Fogarty," answered the voice.

Mrs. F. is bold as a lion. "Whist," said she to the children. Then aloud, poker in hand, "I'm going to open the dure, and if yez ain't Fogarty the Lord have mercy on your sowl."

"An' if I am Fogarty," meditatively (here, doubtless, came a retrospect of his former conjugal troubles), "The Lord have mercy on my sowl."

She opened the door, but Fogarty was not there.

A LADY'S WISH.—"Oh, how I do wish my skin was as clear as yours," said a lady to her friend. "You can easily make it so," answered the friend. "How?" inquired the first lady. "By using Hop Bitters, that makes pure rich blood and blooming health. It did for me, as you observe." Read of it.

HE TOOK A RIDE.—"Got something real frisky," he asked, as he walked into a livery stable and called for a saddle horse; "something that will prance about lively, and wake a fellow out of his lethargy! I used to ride the trick mule in a circus, an' I reckon I can back anything that wears hair."

They brought him out a calico colored beast with a vicious looking eye, and he mounted it and dashed off. Before he had gone two blocks the animal bucked, crashed through a high board fence and plunged into a cellar, tossing the rider over the top of an adjacent woodshed and landed him on the ragged edge of a lawn mower.

They bore him home, straightened him out and three surgeons came in and reduced his dislocations and plastered him up with raw beef.

A few weeks later he called at the stable and said if they had a gentle saw horse with an affectionate disposition, a bridle with a curb bit and martingales, and a saddle with two horns and a crupper to it, he believed he would go up in the hay mow and gallop around a little where it was soft and wouldn't hurt him if he went to sleep and fell off as he did the other day.

FOR BRONCHIAL, ASTHMATIC, and Catarrhal Complaints, and Coughs and Colds, "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" manifest remarkable curative properties. Imitations are offered for sale, many of which are injurious. The genuine "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are sold *only in boxes.*

IN a tavern in Calcutta there is a notice hung on the walls: "Guests are requested not to beat the waiters and servants," This recalls the notice in a London inn: "Do not kiss the servants on the stairs; it makes them drop the dishes;" and the solemn admonition printed and stuck on the door of the only "hotel" in Blue Dog Gulch, Arizona; "Gentlemen are earnestly requested to remove their boots before retiring.

GENTLEMAN in road: "Are ye callin' that ould baste of yours a clever hunter, Barney?" Gentlemen in garden. "Indeed I am, thin. He's always huntin'—for a bit of somethin' to ate, and bedad he's cliver when he finds it."

"WHAT dogs are these?" inquired a gentleman of a lad who was drawing a couple of terriers along. "I dinna ken, sir, replied the boy; "they cam' wi' the railway, and they ate the direction, and dinna ken where to gang."

THOSE who use Carboline, as now improved and perfected the great petroleum hair renewer, are always distinguished by the beautiful soft texture of the hair produced by the use of the most exquisite of all toilet preparations.

THE new governess: "Now, I suppose you know that there are three times as much water as land upon the surface of the earth?" Tommy: "I should think so, indeed! Look at the puddles!"

"Couldn't you lend me $5?" "Yes, I could, but I won't." "Then do you think I wouldn't pay you back?" "Yes, you would, but you couldn't."

BABIES are the chameleons of the human race. We have repeatedly seen an infant change from a white to a yeller.

WHEN the character of any one is discussed, silence in the good natured is censure.

Consumption Cured.

AN old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure for Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it know to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French, or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. SHERAR, *149 Powers' Block, Rochester, New York.*

Timely Discovery.

"Great men are not always wise, neither do the aged understand judgment."—Job. This afflicted patriarch might have known of the useless and painful treatment of 'Emeroids' in his own time, but his words would have been even more applicable had his prophetic eye looked down the long vista of medical history and witnessed the cruel, absurd and ineffectual treatment of Piles by the many schools of "great and aged professors," until at last a disgusted doctor pronounced piles "the opprobrium of the art. Dr. Silsbee has put to shame, by the simplicity and excellence of his great pile remedy, not only the whole family of quack nostrums, whose name is legion, but the pretended wisdom of the medical profession. This *Anakesis* (or pile remedy), is simple and easy of application, gives instant relief, and by combining the merits of a poultice to soothe, an instrument to hold up and compress the tumors, and a skilfully devised medicine, applied directly to the diseased parts ultimately cures the worst cases of piles and keeps them cured. Half a million of persons pronounce *Anakesis* the most beneficent discovery of the age, and we believe them. *Anakesis*, Dr. S. Silsbee's Externa. Pile Remedy is sold by all first-class druggists. Price $1.00. Samples mailed *free* to all sufferers by P. Neustaedter & Co., Box 3946, New York.

A Trick of the Clairvoyants.

In drawing out the facts of personal or family history, clairvoyants do not always ask direct questions, but rather make statements with an implied interrogation, to which the victim, oftentimes entirely unconsciously, responds by word, look or gesture, or perhaps by all three; and at a later stage of the interview, these secret facts are artfully given back to the victim, who has no recollection of having previously imparted them, and will not believe that he has done so, but prefers to believe that he is in the presence of Divinity. It is not only possible but easy for a practical adept to draw out in this way minute and elaborate details of secret family history. A few years ago, while connected with one of the public institutions of this county, I made a number of experiments in this line. I told the patients afflicted with various forms of nervous and allied disorders, not to tell me about their symptoms, nor give me any facts in their cases, but to let me tell them; and then I would proceed to indicate after the manner of a clairvoyant, the locality of their maladies, and the history of their troubles. In the majority of cases I was successful, and made out the diagnosis to the satisfaction of those who sought my advice, and with good reason, for nothing that I could do prevented them from telling me, although I asked them no questions, unintentionally and unconsciously, they would guide me at every stage of the interview. By a little practice any one could easily acquire this art; and lo study, such as professional clairvoyants bestow upon this subject developes great skill in thus managing and deluding the unwary and non-expert.

HISKELL'S TETTER OINTMENT will cure sore Eyelids, Sore Nose, Barber's Itch on the face, or Grocers' Itch on the hands. It never fails. 50 cents a box, sent by mail for 60 cents.
Johnson, Holloway & Co.,
602 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

IF YOU ARE NERVOUS AND DEPRESSED take HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

HISKELL'S TETTER OINTMENT will cure all scabby or scaly diseases of the skin.

VEGETINE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Nervous Debility and Sleeplessness.

In almost all cases sleeplessness is a symptom of some other disease, and can only be remedied by the removal of the latter. It frequently, however, forms so prominent a feature as to render it necessary to be treated as an original disease. Intense mental excitement continued up to the period of going to rest, sedentary habits, the habitual use of coffee, also weakness of the digestive organs, are frequent causes of this trouble. The best and simplest remedy is VEGETINE; and any person who cannot sleep nights should make it a duty to keep a bottle of this King of remedies always in the house, and to take a good dose of it just before retiring for the night. It will be sure to prove Nature's sweet restorer, and to give to the patient that refreshing sleep which every wearied frame stands so much in need of. For small children afflicted with wind, undue excitement, and the agonies which accompany difficult teething, nothing will be found safer or better than a few drops of VEGETINE. It will at once restore quiet to the nervous system, and give rise to a natural and easy slumber. Although VEGETINE contains not one particle of opium or other narcotic in any shape or form, it yet has a most soothing effect on the whole system, and works in conjunction with Nature to give relief. See testimonials.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Rev. O. T. Walker says:

PROVIDENCE, R. I., 164 TRANSIT STREET.

MR. H. R. STEVENS, ESQ.

I feel bound to express with my signature the high value I place upon your VEGETINE. My family have used it for the last two years. In nervous debility it is invaluable, and I recommend it to all who may need an invigorating, renovating tonic.

O. T. WALKER,
Formerly Pastor of Bowdoin square Church, Boston.

Dispepsia, Nervousness and General Debility.

CINCINNATI, O., April 9, 1877.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—I have used several bottles of Vegetine for *Dyspepsia Nervousness* and *General Debility*, and I can truly say I never had a remedy so sure in its effects; therefore I may recommend it to all sufferers.

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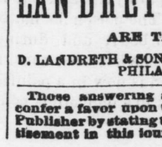

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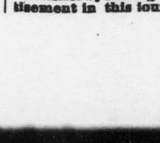

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Itching, and all Skin Diseases easily cured; pimples on the face entirely removed, leaving the face clear and smooth. Address
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$1000 IN GOLD.
Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.
Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other.
HOP COUGH CURE is the sweetest, safest and best. Ask Children
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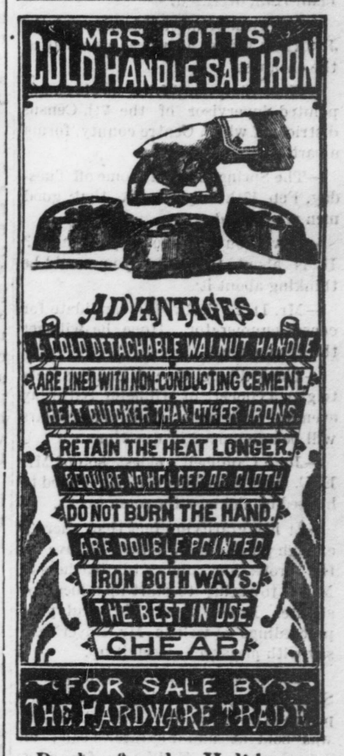

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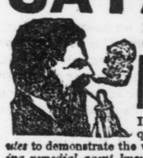

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